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Virginia Free Press.

A FREE PRESS, THE PALLADIUM OF LIBERTY.

BY JOHN S. GALLAHER. — CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1835. — NO. 1—VOL. 28.

ROUGH TIMBER WANTED.

THE undersigned is prepared to contract for all the sills, now remaining uncontracted for, on the Winchester Rail Road between Cameron's spring, and Harpers-Ferry, viz:

near Cameron's spring,	1400 sills.
near Charlestown,	2300 do.
near Halltown,	2300 do.
near Harpers Ferry,	3000 do.

These sills are to be of round Timber 7½ feet long and 10 inches through, flatted on one side. White Oak, Chesnut Oak, or Rock Oak will be received. For sticks of Rough Timber of the above description, 40 cents per sill will be paid. Any further information will be furnished by the undersigned, at the Engineer's Office, Charlestown, near Mr. Hill's Tavern.

ELLWOOD MORRIS.

Feb. 12, 1835—3t.

THOMAS FINLEY,
NO. 55 SMITH'S WHARF, Baltimore,
(Third door from the Rail Road,)

HAS made arrangements to transact a *General Commission business*, and to make the usual advances on consignments.

He will devote particular attention to the sale of FLOUR, GRAIN, TOBACCO, and other COUNTRY PRODUCE, and flatters himself that his long experience in trade will enable him to give satisfaction to those who may confide their interests to his management.

The position which he occupies, being near the Rail Road and the water, affords every facility of shipping property brought by the Cars with the least possible expense.

To such of his correspondents as desire it, he will from time to time communicate the state of the market, and add such suggestions as he may deem useful.

Baltimore, Feb. 11, 1835—4t.

A NEW AUCTION AND Commission House.

ISAAC CRUSE has taken that large and commodious Warehouse, S. E. corner of Fayette and Howard streets, Baltimore; where he solicits the patronage of his friends and the public.

He is now ready to receive FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE of all kinds on Storage, or to sell on Commission, agreeably to the owner's wishes.

The Rail Road passing his door, he is also prepared to receive merchandize of all kinds on storage, in order to forward the same, with the greatest despatch, to any part of the country according to order.

He flatters himself, by his long experience and application to business, to be able to render satisfaction to his consignors and the public generally. He begs leave to refer to the following gentlemen:

Messrs. Wm. Wilson & Sons, } Baltimore.
" John & James Power, }
" Talbot Jones & Co. }
Mr. Wm. Reynolds, }
Mr. James Torrance, } Jefferson, Frederick county, Md.
Dr. Lloyd Dorsy, }

Jan. 29, 1835.

JOHN BOGGS & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Spear's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

ARE principally engaged in the sale of produce, having several fire-proof warehouses on the line of the Rail-Road, and are at all times prepared to make liberal advances on consignments.

References.

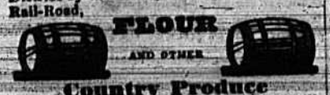
Messrs. Erskine & Eichelberger, } Baltimore.
" Hopkins & Brothers, }
" Lauck & Stephen, Martinsburg.

Also, to Messrs. Wager & O'Byrne, Harpers-Ferry, who will forward to consignment.

Feb. 5, 1835—6m.

FORWARDING AGENCY
At Harpers-Ferry.
Wager & O'Byrne

ARE prepared to receive and will forward, with promptitude, either to the District by the Canal, or to Baltimore by the Rail-Road,



Country Produce

consigned to them for either place, and will, when desired, make sale of the same.

The GOODS of Merchants and others coming from either market will receive the greatest attention.

We shall have constantly on hand a large supply of SALT and PLASTER.

Jan. 15, 1835.—tf.

Garden & Flower Seeds.

RECEIVED within the present month, at the Charles Town Apothecary and Book store, a general assortment of fresh Garden and Flower Seeds; the subjoined list enumerates but a very small part of them, viz:

Grand Dwarf Imperial, Early Washington or May, Early Frame, Early Charlton, Dwarf Marrowfat, Tall Marrowfat, and Black eye Peas, Early Battersea, Early York, and Harvest, Early Wellington, Drumhead, Flat Dutch, Green and Yellow Globe Savoy, Red Pickling &c. Cabbage Seed; Loaf, Coss, Tennisball, Brown, Dutch and other kinds of Lettuce Seed, Early Frame, Long Green, and several other kinds of Cucumber Seed; Early Red Turnip, Early Scarlet, White Summer, Black Spanish, &c. Radish Seed; Long Blood, and Red & Yellow Turnip Root Beet Seed; Salsafy or Oyster Plant Seed, White Solid Celery, Red Tomato, Double Parsley, Pepper Grass, Several kinds of Cress, Red and White Onion, Best kind of Parsnip and Carrot Seeds; Large and Small Lima Beans, Six Week and several other kinds of Bunch or Dwarf Beans; Early Dutch, Large White, Flat and Globe (Field) Summer Turnip Seed; Ruta Baga Seed; several kinds of Early Bunch and Running Cymlin or Squash Seed; Potato and Field Pumpkin and *Mammoth* Pumpkin Seed; Roquette, Palma Christa; with a great variety of other kinds of Herb Seeds. Also a great many different sorts of Flower Seeds.

JAMES BROWN.

Feb. 19, 1835.

The Hope of Immortality.

Oh! steal thou not my faith away,
Nor tempt to doubt the trusting mind—
Let all that earth can yield decay,
But leave this heavenly gift behind:
Our life is but a meteor gleam,
Lit up amid surrounding gloom,—
A dying lamp, a fitful beam,
Quenched in the cold and silent tomb.

Yet if, as holy men have said,
There lie, beyond that dreary bourne,
Some region where the faithful dead
Eternally forget to mourn;
Welcome the scoff, the sword, the chain,
The burning wild, the black abyss—
I shrink not from the path of pain,
Which endeth in a world like this.

But oh! if all that nerves us here,
When grief assails and sorrow stings,
Exists but in the shadowy sphere
Of Fancy's weak imaginings;
If hopes, tho' cherished long and deep,
Be bold and baseless mockeries,
Then welcome that eternal sleep,
Which knoweth not of dreams like these.

Yet hush! thou troubled heart! be still;
Renounce thy vain philosophy;
Like morning on the misty hill,
The light of truth will break on thee.
Go—search the prophet's deathless page—
Go—question thou the radiant sky,
And learn from them, mistaken sage!
The glorious words—"Thou shalt not die!"

THE FREE PRESS.

JACKSON CONVENTION.

The delegates from the several counties in this congressional district, appointed by the friends of the present administration, met in Winchester, on Thursday the 12th inst. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for congress. The convention being called to order, JACOB MORGAN, Esq. of Jefferson, was called to the chair, and JAMES HAY of Frederick, appointed secretary.

The following gentlemen were found to be present, as delegates from the several counties, viz:

Frederick.—Dr. A. S. Baldwin, Dr. Cyrus McCormick, John Hopkins, Dr. James Hay, William Kerr, George W. Baker, Col. James Bowen, Leroy P. Daingerfield, and Capt. John W. Grove.

Jefferson.—Jacob Morgan, Braxton Davenport, George B. Beall, Francis Yates, Garland M. Davis, and Gerard B. Wager.

Berkeley.—Jacob Seibert, Maj. W. G. Burns, David Cushwa, Capt. Peter Gardner, William Alburtis, Richard Beale, Henry C. Small, and Michael K. Seibert.

Morgan.—Jacob Reichard, and Lemuel Vanorsdoll.

On motion of Dr. McCormick, Edgar W. Robinson was made an honorary member of the convention.

On motion of Mr. Robinson,

Resolved, That the members of this meeting, in accordance with the usage of the democratic party on similar occasions, pledge themselves to sustain the nomination of such individual as may be selected by this convention as a candidate for congress from this district, and to use all fair and honorable means to promote his election.

Mr. Wager addressed the convention in a few remarks, in which he explained the reasons which had induced Col. Lucas to announce himself a candidate for re-election in the spring, and declaring Col. L.'s readiness to withdraw in favor of any individual who might be nominated by the convention, if the choice of that body should fall on any person other than himself.

On motion of John Hopkins, Esq. a committee of eight members was appointed—(two from each county represented in the convention—to draft resolution expressive of the objects of the convention, and to nominate a suitable candidate to represent this district in the next congress of the United States. [The following gentlemen were appointed said committee, viz: John Hopkins and Dr. McCormick, of Frederick; William Alburtis and Capt. Peter Gardner, of Berkeley; Braxton Davenport and Gerard B. Wager, of Jefferson; and Jacob Reichard and Lemuel Vanorsdoll, of Morgan.]

The committee, having retired for a short time, reported the following resolutions—which, upon the question being taken separately upon each, were *unanimously* adopted:

1. *Resolved*, As the sense and deliberate judgment of this meeting, that our present representative, Col. Edward Lucas, has in his conduct truly represented the feelings, wishes and opinions of his constituents during his present term of service.

2. *Resolved*, That believing that he is therefore justly entitled to the continued confidence of those who have found him thus faithful to the past calls on his duty and obligations as such representative, we do recommend him as a proper person to whom for another term be committed the interests and welfare of the people composing this district.

3. *Resolved, therefore*, That we urge all our friends who concur with us in political opinions, and who believe the support of the principles which have distinguished the administration of Jackson conducive to the welfare of our country, to unite cordially and zealously to support the re-election of Col. Lucas to the station which he now occupies, at our spring election.

4. *Resolved*, That be appointed a committee, whose business and duty it shall be—if they deem it proper—to present to our fellow-citizens of the district an address setting forth the principles which govern us, and explaining the views entertained by them under the auspices of the present administration.

5. *Resolved*, That it be recommended to the people of the district to be active and alert in the prosecution of the object of this meeting, and that they be urged to hold neighborhood and county meetings to secure the re-election of the present member, Col. Lucas.

6. *Resolved*, That the proceedings of the convention be published in the Winchester Virginian, Martinsburg Republican, Charlestown Free Press, and South Branch Intelligencer.

7. *Resolved*, That a copy of these proceedings, signed by the chairman and secretary, be forwarded to Col. Lucas.

[The blank in the 4th resolution was filled with the names of Messrs. Hopkins and Robinson, of Frederick; Davenport and Wager, of Jefferson; Alburtis and Burns, of Berkeley; John Sherrard and Reichard, of Morgan; and William Donaldson and Charles Blue of Hampshire.]

Col. Charles Blue and Isaac Wolverton of Hampshire were invited, on motion of Mr. Robinson, to take seats in the convention; as was Mr. Cunningham of Berkeley.

On motion, the thanks of the convention were offered to the chairman and secretary for the able and impartial manner in which they had discharged the duties of their appointments, and then

The meeting adjourned, *sine die*.

JACOB MORGAN, *Chairman.*
JAMES HAY, *Secretary.*

LOUISIANA.

Gov. Roman's Message to the Legislature of Louisiana, has the following paragraph:

The epidemics which have several times desolated our capital and which strangers consider as extending throughout our state, have given to Louisiana a reputation for insalubrity which operates powerfully as a check on commerce and emigration. These epidemics are occasioned by the malaria of the swamps between the rear of the city and Lake Ponchartrain; by draining them we remove the cause of disease. This plan, though at first sight it may appear impracticable, is nevertheless, very easy to be executed. It is only necessary to make use here of the same means which Swages have secured from inundation the soil of a part of Holland, where the difficulties to be overcome were much greater than with us. A plan for draining these swamps has been prepared under the direction of the Board of Public Works; the expenses have been calculated; they will amply be repaid by the increased value of the land reclaimed. If this undertaking receives your sanction, it will make New Orleans one of the healthiest cities in the Union. She will then be worthy of the high destinies called for by her position, unique in the commercial world, which designates her as the mart and capital of the valley of the Mississippi.

Frightful Disaster.—A shocking catastrophe occurred lately on the banks of the Hoosic river, in the town of Pownal, Vermont. A party of six persons, consisting of a gentleman and his wife and two children, a young lady about 18, sister of the married lady, and a young gentleman, a lawyer from Enfield, Conn., while travelling in a two horse pleasure wagon, were precipitated from a precipice 50 feet high into the torrent below and 3 of the number killed! The 2 ladies and child were killed instantly, and the little girl is not expected to recover. The gentlemen were seriously but not dangerously injured. The young lady was on her return from a boarding school in Connecticut, to her parents in Vermont.

The Presidency.—After paying a passing salute to the pretensions of Mr. Webster, Judges White and McLane, to the Presidential office, the Fredericksburg (Va.) Arena concludes as follows:

"The name of HENRY CLAY, is beginning again to be bruited in our political circles in connexion with the honest and talented Statesman, John Tyler, as Vice-President. There are not two individuals that could be named (always saving and excepting our highly gifted Leigh) to whom we could more heartily wish success than the individuals composing this ticket. We have always known Mr. Clay to be honest; and talents his bitterest enemies have never denied him. No man lives who has been so unsparingly and malignantly assailed. He has lived to put down one calumny only to meet another. His name has been a theme for unsparing denunciation from the highest office under the Government to the lowest ale-house and small-beer politician of the day. There are many now known as politicians whose infant impressions were formed by homilies doled out to them against the honesty and virtue of Henry Clay. With this torrent of prejudice against him, can he succeed? The interest at stake is deep. Much responsibility rests on the Whig party. It becomes them to act cautiously. The object of every patriot should be to defeat Martin Van Buren; for in his election is eminently perilled the safety and perpetuity of the Republic."

Rail Road Iron.—The Ship Napier at Baltimore, from Liverpool, has 3377 bars—weight 324 tons, rail road iron for the Baltimore and Washington rail road.

Counterfeit Gold.—Large quantities of five dollar gold pieces are in circulation. A friend of ours took two yesterday, neither of which would be observed from the general appearance. To us they had every appearance of the real gold coin.—[*N. Y. Daily Adv.*

A Jackson paper in New Jersey, in enumerating the "humbugs of the day," mentions "extra allowances." Fortunately, that, though a "big bug," is one that is not likely to *hum* much more.

MISCELLANY.

From the New York Star.

A BASHFUL WOMAN.

Little did we think when a few days ago we recounted the miseries of a bashful man, and actually wrote an advertisement for him for a wife (by-the-by, he has got her,) that we should have been favored with the distresses of a bashful woman; but so it is—the "evils that flesh is heir to" are by no means confined to the masculine gender; and the saying is as true as it is trite, that "we all have our troubles."

Among the letters which each mail brings to the desk, I opened one in a delicate female hand-writing, such a one as cannot be well mistaken for a man's—a little round hand, cleanly written, and neatly folded, and sealed with a purple medallion wafer. I always open such first, as it were by instinct. The lady, with whom I had the pleasure of a slight acquaintance, after sundry compliments to taste, ingenuity, &c., desired me to call at her house and examine some choice specimens of wax flowers, &c. &c., which herself and sisters had manufactured for some charitable fair or other.

I am always at the service of the ladies—whether to see their paintings, examine their handy needle work, hear the recitations of those who wish to follow the stage, or listen to the vocalist who desires an engagement for the Opera.

Her exhibition of wax flowers, of needle work, screens, scrap tables, &c: &c. were really creditable to her taste, ingenuity, and application; and after some desultory conversation on modern education and pursuits—something about Lucretias, Portias, &c. &c., of old, she broke forth thus: "Apropos of the retiring habits and unobtrusive modesty of those illustrious females, I read the other day some remarks in your paper, very pointed and appropriate, concerning a bashful man; now has it ever occurred to you that there are situations in life very embarrassing to us females, and that if there be bashful men with cause, there are powerful ones calculated also to make bashful women?" "So so," said I to myself, "it is something more than wax which I am fated to listen to;—why, yes, madam, there are many situations in life, accidental or natural, which must be very embarrassing to a lady; but still they are to be overcome by perseverance and address; but embarrassment does not always imply bashfulness." "Very true; but they are very nearly related, and run so naturally into each other, that a separation is as difficult as a match-maker proposes. Your applicant for a wife was put to his trumps from the single fact that he had no female acquaintance at all; now there are many females who have abundance of male friends and admirers, but who are still from many causes far removed from the chance of matrimony."—"Name one, Madam," said I, "and we must attempt to remove it." "Can you editors be trusted with a secret?" "Oh, assuredly, we are as secret as women, and as close as a double cylinder printing machine." "Ring the bell for some refreshments, it is near two o'clock. You must know, that there are three of us sisters, all spinters—not old, nor, as you will say, if you have any gallantry, ill-favored.—We have all had good educations; English at Mr. Okell's, French and dancing at Madam Chegary's. Our father, a dear good soul, indulges us in every reasonable desire; dressing in the fashion and of the best; the opera, comedy, the assemblies, and a grand party or two every year; but our evening soirees are the most sociable, comfortable and rational, tea and toast, music and singing, a quadrille or two, Sandwich and Negus, conversation and reading until nearly eleven, when our beaux take leave. Now our father is a business man; up at day-break, and seldom at leisure until after dark: his head, of course, filled with all kinds of business speculation. It is our wish that when he comes home at night, he should forget the business of the day, and like a man of the world, skim over the surface of every other topic but business; but alas, it is the never ending, never dying passion. If he finds me sincerely engaged in a conversation with a young gentleman, whom I like and who I hope likes me, just at the moment when we are beginning to be sentimental and somewhat confidential; when he earnestly talks, and I seriously listen, father thrusts his benevolent phiz between us and begins—"Well, any arrival this evening? wind quite fair—had a good day's work—country merchants tumbling in—let them come—plenty of goods—take any kind of money now, aint particular—how are you off for French goods? I'm picking up a few cases—I think I smell a fight, and had better be prepared—canals will soon be open—transportation somewhat reduced—hope our country friends will be prepared with the needful—we must accommodate them, however, eh?"—"Thus, sir, he interrupts us at a most critical moment, and turns a tide of conversation, which is probably flowing through a bed of roses over the rugged and pebbly path of business—French goods, calicoes, challys, calamancoes—how provoking." "My dear Madam, and why not expostulate with him on such *mal apropos* interruptions?" "I have done so a hundred times, but he contends that if girls expect husbands they must keep the young men at a distance, and the more they advance the more we should recede; then he continually quotes from scripture the example of the modest, bashful and admirable wives of the patriarchs." "Well, could you not explain that to his satisfaction?" "Could I not? indeed I did so; for the other evening I flatly denied his position, and ran up stairs for the old family Bible and read the following to him in corroboration of my opinion.

"And they called Rebecca, and said unto her, wilt thou go with this man? and she said, *I will go.*"

"There, father, there you have it," said I; "the dear honest, unsophisticated girl! no silly bashfulness—no wavering, hesitating inclinations; she comes up to the mark like a girl of the world at once, and says to the man of her heart, '*I will go.*'" "Well, this bothered him a little?" "No, not at all; he attempted to explain it away to suit his own interpretation; in short, it is very embarrassing to us, and really makes me as bashful as your friend who advertised for a wife."

The lady was right; her case is not a singular one, and I reflected upon it as I walked home to dinner. More good matches are spoiled than are made in this world; and if, as it is said, matches are made in heaven, the good angel whose breath is about to fan the spark into a flame, is frequently disappointed by the raven wings and croaking voice of the evil spirit. Many a clever fellow is driven from the presence of the girl he loves by the caprice of a father or mother, or the prejudice of a brother, or the unconquerable aversion of an old maiden aunt; one finds fault with his family—the other thinks he is not devoted to business—a third considers him unfashionable, and a fourth declares him to be unpolished. Every member of the family has some prejudice to indulge—some defect to point out—as if they are to marry the man and not the party most interested. Girls must be discreet in making their choice, and fathers reasonable in giving their consent. Too much must not be expected on either side, something must be left to the doctrine of chances, for perfection is unreasonable. If, therefore, parents will not allow girls to choose for themselves, neither will they choose for them, at least, they should not allow unnecessary obstacles to be thrown in the way of a fair choice or a fair chance.

GIN-SHOPS IN LONDON.

They are open, according to law, from 6 o'clock in the morning until 11 at night. The moment the doors are opened, dozens of men and women begin to enter, who have wandered all night in the streets, or slept a few minutes at a time on door steps, from which one police-man after another has driven them away. First, perhaps, enters a grey-headed man, bent with age and dissipation, his hat torn and broken out of shape; his ragged brown coat covered with grease and filth; his shirt, handkerchief and vest stiff with dirt; and trowsers greased, torn and patched; his shoes full of holes, and tied upon his feet with rags. Yet he has managed in some way, by theft or robbery, most likely, to gain money for his morning dram. He is soon joined by some neighboring mechanic, who yet remains in the degraded habits of former times, whose slow gait, miserable attire, and unhappy countenance, tell you plainly that he prefers gin to food, and that his house is without comfort. Then comes his dirty and equally miserably looking wife, perhaps with a child in her arms. She is scarcely in, before there appear two or three emaciated, dirty old women, one or two half naked boys and girls, and a stout, desperate looking young man, with bruised eyes, matted hair and patched clothes, still half drunk from some approximate of the last night's debauchery. Some fifteen or twenty of such wretched beings are soon congregated before the long polished counter, drinking to each other, in the vulgar pledge "*here's luck*," and talking awhile in groups, before they depart, to make room for the stream of other wretches like themselves, to fill the "Gin-Palace" throughout the whole day.

Suicide.—Dr. Johnson having expressed a decided opinion against suicide, Mr. Boswell said, "suppose a man is absolutely sure, that if he lives a few days longer he shall be detected in a fraud, the consequences of which would be utter disgrace and expulsion from society." "Then," said Johnson," let him go to some place where he is not known; don't let him go the devil where he is known."

The late Judge Dooly of Georgia, was remarkable for his wit, as well as for other talents.

At one place where he attended Court he was not well pleased with his entertainment at the tavern. On the first day of the Court, a hog—under the name of a pig—had been cooked whole and laid on the table. No person attacked it. It was brought the next day, and the next, and treated with the same respect; and it was on the table on the day which the Court adjourned. As the party finished their dinner, Judge Dooly arose from the table and in a solemn manner addressed the Clerk. "Mr. Clerk," said he "dismiss that hog upon his recognizance until the first day of the next Court.—He has attended so faithfully during the present term, that I don't think it will be necessary to take any security."

At another tavern at which the Judge boarded, there was much complaint among the lawyers and their boarders that the victuals were not prepared in a cleanly manner. Judge Dooly took the landlord one side and said he had something to communicate to him that might be of advantage to his house.—"It relates," says he, "to your table. If you would have the dirt on one plate and the victuals on another, and let your guests mix it to suit themselves, according to their different tastes, it would be a decided improvement in the entertainment."

[*Augusta Chronicle.*

Waltzing.—There was a day, which even the young can remember, when a Virginia maiden would have died before she would have submitted her waist to be clasped in the licentious waltz. That beautiful and shrinking delicacy, false perhaps, but none the less beautiful for that, has yielded to the power of fashion, and the conquest shows the potency of his sceptre over the young and the gay. They who have surrendered are as amiable as before, but the example proves the magic influence of fashion and what farther innovations may be apprehended from this rule, and the weakness which aspires to imitate the conduct of those who lead his glittering train.—*Whig.*

Propensity of Birds.—At the recent fire in Spring st. New York a covey of pigeons was observed hovering over the flames at a great height presenting a beautiful appearance, resembling that of gold, caused by the reflection of the light below. For several minutes they were seen darting in every direction, as if at a loss where to wend their passage. At last they were noticed to follow the propensity ascribed to birds by naturalists, and plunged one by one, into the flames, where they perished.

The King of Bavaria, the petty autocrat and subservient tool of the Holy Alliance, has forbidden to be circulated within his *vast* dominion that immortal work of Goldsmith—so pure in its moral, so simple and affecting in its narrative—the VICAR OF WAKEFIELD! Another plume to that great writer will this interdiction be to his reputation; the extension and duration of which, among all minds that are free and noble on the earth, the tiny monarch might as well attempt to check as to arrest the hurricane with his hand, or put out the light of heaven by his lilliputian edicts.—[*Noah.*

Patagonia.—Messrs. Arms and Coan, missionaries of the American Board, who lately visited Patagonia, with a view to see what openings there were for the establishment of a mission there, estimate the entire population of eastern Patagonia south of the Rio Negro, at only 773 inhabitants. They are in a state of great ignorance and poverty, and addicted to many vices. Fable has magnified them into giants, but they are not in general above the ordinary size of Americans. The soil is barren, and the inhabitants subsist chiefly on the flesh of guanacoes.

A Puff direct.—A pedlar, wishing to recommend his razors to the gaping crowd, thus addressed them: "Gentlemen, the razors I hold in my hand were made in a cave by the light of a diamond, in the province of Andalusia, in Spain. They cut as quick as thought, and are as bright as the morning star. A word or two more, gentlemen, and you will buy them. Lay them under your pillow at night, and you will find yourself clean shaved in the morning."

A severe earthquake occurred at Jerusalem, on the 23d of May, which lasted three minutes.

The Rev. Joseph Sanford, while in his pew in the new church in Green street, N. Y. engaged in prayer, expired suddenly without the least apparent struggle or pain.

An actor named Kelsey, at Charleston, S. C. calls himself the "celebrated South American comedian."

Harpers Ferry National Historical Park Microfilm Collection

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.

FOREIGN.

IMPORTANT FROM FRANCE.

Reception of the President's Message.

The packet ship Havre, Capt Stoddard, has arrived at New-York from Havre, bringing dates to the 13th ult., very late. We copy from the New York Daily Advertiser, all the important news which has been received by this arrival. It will be perceived that the President's Message has, as was expected, been productive of serious consequences:—

The New York Mercantile says—Capt. Stoddard, of the Havre, reports that the President's message was landed at Havre on the 6th: that it created much sensation on 'Change at Havre. It was reported at Havre that notes had been exchanged between E. Livingston and Admiral De Rigny, the purport of which was understood to be that the bill would have been brought forward in the Chambers on the 12th, with every prospect of success, but that in consequence of the excitement occasioned by the threat in the President's message, the subject would not be brought forward during that excitement; and further that if our congress gave their sanction to the measure proposed by the President, the French Government would consider it a declaration of war, and make immediately reprisals.

It was the opinion of the prominent American merchants at Havre, that the claims would have been settled but for the threat in the President's message.

Spirit of the Parisian Journals.

PRESIDENT JACKSON'S MESSAGE.

The Constitutionel says, that all are unanimous in feeling that the dignity of France has been wounded by the President's message, but he is deceived if he supposes that his menace will induce the legislative bodies to give a sanction which they have once refused. Whatever may be the timorous habits of the Chambers, they will not, in the face of the country, appear to yield to fear. The United States have ruined their cause even if their claims had been legitimate. The conduct of the French ministry in this unfortunate dispute, has not a little contributed to render the solution difficult, after having, with inconceivable stupidity, recognized a debt which the restoration had constantly disavowed. It pledged itself, with still greater stupidity, to bring the question again before the Chambers immediately after the convocation, to ask again for that sanction which had been formerly refused. This promise has not been kept, and General Jackson justly complains.

The Temps expresses its regret at President Jackson's prejudging, with hostile feelings, a question which he ought to have known was to be submitted to a new legislature in France.—There is, in the affair of the 25 millions claimed by the United States, a question of Constitutional right, which the Chief of a Constitutional state ought to have better appreciated than the President has done. France has little uneasiness to feel from these bravadoes, which, in fact, have been dictated by certain interests within her own boundaries. What is just cannot reasonably be refused, but it remains to be decided whether valid claims ought not to remain unanswered, when the form of spirit, in which they are made, would render satisfaction an act of dishonor; neither the representatives nor the government of France require any impulse to stimulate them to do what is consistent with the dignity, and honor of the country, but the Cabinet ought to resign in favor of a new one that is better able to bring this question to an issue as well as many others.

The Courier Francais says—"this Document bears the impression of an irritation which we expected, without however, conceiving that it should or would be carried to such a degree of violence. It is not very edifying to hear a government, which professes the eternal principles of Liberty and Justice, declaring its resolution to avenge itself upon individuals for supposed wrongs done by their government, and proposing a confiscation, or something approaching to a confiscation, of their property, as a political measure within the rules of common right. The ill humor of the President has led him to find indications of evil intention in certain circumstances attending the conduct of France, which in themselves were perfectly insignificant; it has also made him assume a menacing tone which ill accords with those conciliating inclinations of which he made so much parade. His threats however, will produce no effect. A rupture would be fully as prejudicial to America as to France, and he will think twice before he resorts to any measures, which would suspend the relations of amity between the two countries; commerce has nothing to apprehend from this point. If the United States have a right to demand what they conceive to be due them, France has a right to resist such demands, if she considers them too exorbitant. It is a fault in the message that it does not admit this reciprocity.

The National says,—Of President Jackson's threat we shall merely observe that it is not a little singular that it should reach Paris, on the very day that the Moniteur published by command, the absurd factum of M. Talleyrand on the success of French diplomacy, and the merit of the Boys wisdom.

The Quotidienne considers President Jackson's threats to be so ridiculous that it is impossible to take them to the letter. To say nothing of the Naval power of France, how can it be supposed that the American Government would resort to an expedient that would be more injurious to the Americans than to the French?

The Moniteur announces officially that the King has accepted the resignation of the Prince de Talleyrand as Ambassador to England, and has appointed General Sebastian to be his successor.

The Journal des Debats deplores the unexpected appearance of a document which deeply wounds the national feelings of a great people, more especially at a moment when the American Treaty was again about to be brought under discussion. It should, however, be remarked, that one only of the three powers of the American States has spoken, and that one, by his past life and recollections, his military habits, and, perhaps the embarrassment of his situation, might easily have been drawn beyond the bounds of prudence and reason. While the two others are silent, we are not warranted in putting a serious construction upon a menace which could never be realized without the sanction of the constitutional powers; we nevertheless acutely feel a language to which it would be easy to answer, if we wished to return remembrance for remembrance, threat for threat.—France has rarely had her honor called in question, nor is that the only quality which is not denied to her. As the American question now stands, it calls for the most serious meditation. The treaty itself is neither less just nor less politic than it was before, but a question of dignity complicates the political question. The Government will doubtless view the matter in its twofold light, and will endeavor to conciliate the national honor with the faith of treaties.

The Temps considers that the dispute between France and America is not of a nature to bring about a collision, the consequences of which would be equally fatal to the People of both countries. It is said that an understanding exists between the powers of the American States, to the effect that the Chamber of Representatives will make the grant necessary for the hostile measures projected by President Jackson, which the Senate will reject; and all will be known in Paris in time for the French Chamber to vote the twenty-five millions, under the impression of that rejection. This is all very well; but such a plan to produce effect ought to remain secret. The Union it appears has its despot, who, although temporary, is no less absolute. His Government and his Chambers have already arrived at playing diplomatic comedy.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

Recall of the French Minister: Dismissal of Mr. Livingston, &c.

The New York Courier and Enquirer says—At half past 6 o'clock last evening we received London papers of the 17th and Liverpool of the 18th January, by the packet ship Orpheus, Capt. Bursley, by which we are placed in possession of the very important information that M. Serrurier, the French Minister to this country, has been ordered home, and our Minister, Mr. Livingston, apprised that the *passports* which it was expected he might require in consequence, were at his disposal. In other words, he was politely *ordered* out of France, and was to have left on the following day, Thursday, 15th January.

We are indebted to the politeness of Capt. Bursley for the London paper of the 17th—the latest received—our own files being only to the 16th inclusive. Despatches for the Secretary of State were brought up by our news schooner and forwarded to Philadelphia by this morning's mail.

The very important intelligence by this arrival, is contained in the London Morning Chronicle of the 16th, under head-of

EXPRESS FROM PARIS.

MORNING CHRONICLE OFFICE, *Friday Morning.*

The following important announcement appeared in the *Moniteur* of Wednesday:—

"The King has recalled M. Serrurier, his "minister at Washington. The Minister of "Foreign Affairs has made known this resolve "to the Minister of the United States in "Paris, informing him that at the same time "*the passports which he might require in consequence of this communication*, are at his disposal. In consequence of the engagements "entered into by France, the project of the "law relative to the American debt will be "presented to the Chamber of Deputies to-"morrow. A clause will be added, the purport of which will be to guarantee eventually those French interests which may chance "to be compromised."

The "engagement entered into by France" here referred to, are no doubt the solemn [illegible] should be *presented* to the Chambers. This will accordingly be done, but it will doubtless be rejected *instanter*. In the mean time the recall of the French Minister and the prompt *order* (for such it is in effect,) for the American Minister to quit Paris, leaves no doubt of the determination of the French Government to withhold the indemnity and prepare for WAR.

The Paris correspondent of the Chronicle remarks upon the article in the Moniteur, as follows:

"This spirited reply to the offensive para-"graph in the President's Message, is consid-"ered in Paris as published more with a view "to satisfy opinion and induce the Chambers "to vote the 25 millions with less repugnance, "than as expressive of any really indignant "or warlike feeling entertained by the "French Government. The official part of "the Moniteur being dated the 13th, its ex-"pression, *to-morrow*, led the people to ex-"pect the presentation of the project to the "Chamber on Wednesday. There was no "sitting, however, on that day, and it was "understood that it would be presented on "Thursday."

It appears however, that the opinion in Paris as to the effects of this measure and the intentions of the government, very materially changed in the course of the day; for at 3 o'clock he wrote a postscript as follows:—

BOURSE.—PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 14.

"HALF PAST THREE.—The Market has to-day been depressed in consequence of the announcement of the recall of the French Minister in the United States, and that passports had been offered to the American Minister at this Court. The highest price for the three per cents. for the account was a very little time at 77f 10c; but they for a long time at 77f, and 77f 05c, but after three they declined to 76f 90c, and left off at 76f 90c buyers. It is understood that Mr. Livingston, the American Minister, will leave Paris for London to-morrow; to this becoming known may be attributed the fall below 77f for the general opinion is now that hostilities will follow."

SOMETHING MORE PACIFIC.

The New York Evening Star says:—Below, we give two letters from our correspondent, one of the 16th and another on the morning of the 18th, as the Orpheus was leaving the dock. In his last letter his advices from Paris are of a more pacific character, and in fact, after the first ebullition of feeling is over, we think the French people will look at the question in a calm light, and pass the indemnity bill. Mr. Clay's able Report in the Senate, unanimously adopted, will, we think, settle the matter when it arrives.

An extract of a letter of the 16th of January, from an important source in London, to a gentleman in New York, says: "Mr. Serrurier, the French Ambassador, has been recalled, and Mr. Livingston notified that his passports were ready for him, *if he required them.*"

This step, though looking warlike, yet carries its salve with it, as the Minister of Foreign Affairs at the same time told Mr. Livingston that the *Government* would recommend the Chambers to make the appropriation for the payment of the debt. It is the general impression here, that the French will pay if Congress does nothing this session!!"

From our Liverpool Correspondent.

JANUARY 16, 1835.

The Orpheus is just getting under way. Since writing my last despatch to you I have a letter from Paris, from a confidential source. The recall of the minister of France at Washington was a measure decided upon by the king and cabinet as a retaliatory step for the menaces of war contained in the President's message, and in order to afford an opportunity to Congress to disclaim any intention of issuing letters of marque and reprisal against France, while the treaty remained incomplete, in consequence of the Chambers not having acted upon it. The passports to Mr. Livingston, and his departure from France, is the necessary consequence of the recall of M. Serrurier; but a *Charge d' Affaires* remains in Paris. It is confidently believed that the Chambers will pass the indemnity law,—certainly for fifteen millions, probably the whole amount, on the ground that the honor of France requires the fulfilment of the treaty before any steps are taken of a hostile character towards the United States. A very warm and passionate debate will, no doubt, ensue.

General Bernard is incessant in his efforts to terminate the affair tranquilly, and appease the feelings of the French people, much exasperated, as they are, by the impolitic threats of the American President. He every where represents, on the Bourse and in the Tuilleries, that Congress will not, by any act, sanction the language of the President, and that while the American people are desirous of obtaining the amount or indemnity, they have no idea of war.

I hope that your Congress will be discreet in this matter. It is not in the habit of brother Jonathan to rush into a costly contest, without calculating what is to be made or lost by it. A little address and management—a little playing off and negotiation,—would have succeeded much better with a people so hot as the French, than threats of war. At all events, you will perceive that certain English journals, of the tory stamp, are chuckling at the idea of a war, and endeavor to widen the breach and increase the irritation, by pretending to have sympathies for the injustice done to America.

My opinion is, that the money will be paid, especially if the action in either branch of Congress shall discountenance the warmth contained in the speech of the American President."

The New York American says:—The consternation produced in this city by the accounts from France, is best evinced by the fact that marine stocks *fell from ten to twelve per cent.* to-day.

A letter from a great House in London, dated Jan. 16th says that Mr. Livington was assured that the French Ministers would present the indemnity bill in good faith, and urge its passage. And the writer says he has good reason for the opinion that if no hostile or irritating measures should be adopted by the American Congress during its present session the French Chambers will pass the bill. The writer of this letter is possessed of as many sources of information, and his opinion is entitled to as much consideration, perhaps, as that of any mercantile man in Europe.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

The New York Commercial of Saturday says,—We have detained our paper over the usual time of publication to enable us to present to our readers, intelligence from Europe nine days later than before received. These advices were brought by the packet ship England, Capt. Maxwell, which vessel said from Liverpool on the 11th January, having been detained until that day by contrary winds. Our papers are to Saturday, January the 10th, inclusive.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

This document was received at Liverpool on the 9th, by the packet ship Independence, Capt. Nye, from this port, and is published in the Liverpool Chronicle of the 10th with the following introduction:

"*President's Message—War with France.*—We have only room left to call the attention to the American President's Message—at least to that part of it threatening to go to war with France. The message arrived last night by the packet ship Independence, Captain Nye."

In Ireland, the Conservatives, it was believed, would be generally successful. O'Connell's nominations had, in most instances, but poor prospects of success. The Liberator's own prospects were said to be on the wane.—His election for Dublin, was deemed more than doubtful, and accounts from Tralee state that the great agitator, finding the return of his son Maurice a hopeless case, is about himself to start for the borough. Misfortune never fell upon his house till now.

In the course of last year 2300 large and small ships arrived at Hamburg, among them were 16 from the West Indies, 85 from South America, 60 from the United States of North America, 53 from the Mediterranean, 30 from the Spanish ports on the ocean, 26 from Portugal, 130 from France, 57 (including steamboats) from British ports, 509 (including steam boats) from Holland. The number of ships that left that port was 2340.

SPAIN.

Reports from Bayonne state that Zumalacarreguy and Mina had fought at Onta, on the 27th, and that the Carlists were defeated. As, however, we know that Mina had left Pampeluna for Estella in quite a different direction on the 28th, this intelligence is not probable.

The Dey of Algiers, who had for some time lived in retirement at Alexandria, died suddenly in that city on the 30th October last His still immense wealth which it would seem reverts to his kind host, Mehemet Ali, had suggested some ill-natured surmises, respecting the nature of the malady which terminated so fatally for his ex-Highness.

Latest from Mexico.—The schooner Creole, Capt. Page, has arrived at New York from Tampico, which place she left on the 24th of January. The only intelligence furnished is that a report was rife of a conflict between Gen. Santa Anna and Gen. Bustamente.—The party of the former was believed to be on the decline. The overthrow of the Church party within a few months would occasion us no surprise. The march of revolution is onward—and especially has this been so, and will be the case in the South American States, in relation to all sacerdotal assumptions of power and authority.

[Alex. Gaz.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

From our Correspondent.

RICHMOND, FEB. 20, 1835.

On *Saturday*, in the House of Delegates, the only question debated was what is commonly called the Ohio County Question. In 1832, a law passed appointing commissioners to locate a site for the Court House (now at Wheeling.) These commissioners selected Elizabeth, better known by the name of Flats of Grave Creek, suggesting that Wheeling ought to have a separate Court, &c. The County Court of Ohio refused to levy money for the purpose of erecting the buildings, on the ground that the commissioners disregarded the law &c. Application is now made to the Legislature, to cause the levy to be laid; and this claim is resisted by the people of Wheeling and others, who ask the appointment of new commissioners to make a location for the Court House. A petition is also pending, asking a division of the County.—Mr. Parriott advocates the enforcement of the location already made, and Mr. Brady (the other member) opposes it, and asks for new commissioners. The question has taken up much time for several sessions. It is difficult to say what disposition will be made of it.

On *Monday*, some little debate took place on the bill establishing a Branch Bank at Buchanan, in Bottetourt. Many local bills acted upon.

On *Tuesday*, the Buchanan Bank bill passed; and the bill giving the guaranty of the State to the payment of *interest* on a loan of $500,000, for the use of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, came up for consideration. It was ably supported by Mr. Colston, Mr. Janney, and Mr. Hunter of Berkeley, and opposed by Messrs. Nash, Gregory and Holleman; and the bill was rejected; ayes 48, noes 57. The principal reason urged against it was the *precedent* which it would establish; that if the State *endorsed* for *this* company, it would be called to do so for *every other* which might apply, &c.

On *Wednesday*, as you will perceive, the question was presented in a different shape, asking a *direct appropriation*; and although the vote upon the *inquiry* was a decided one, yet we cannot calculate with certainty upon its final success. The vote upon the reference of the resolution, was 90 to 29.

Mr. Wilson of Bottetourt, who, a few days since, had given notice of his intention to call up Mr. Watkins' resolutions on the subject of the U. S. Bank, Deposites, &c., stated that as the sessions both of the Legislature and of Congress were near their close, he should not ask the House to take them up.

Mr. Brown of Petersburg, intimated that if gentlemen were anxious to have a decision upon them, that decision might be had without much loss of time.

On *Thursday*, no subject of general interest was transacted. Mr. Booker of Amelia offered a resolution, fixing upon the 26th for an adjournment; but every one seems to think it impossible to get away at so early a period, there still being a large mass of business on the table.

On *Friday*, after some debate, the House refused to take up, by a vote of 35 to 68, the report of the select committee on the subject of increasing the Banking Capital of the State. The committee were therefore discharged from the consideration of all the propositions before them. So that the general subject may be considered as settled for the present session.

Mr. Collins moved to take up the bill establishing an independent Bank at Portsmouth, and after debate, the question was decided in the negative—ayes 39, noes 78.

Mr. Johnson of R. moved the reconsideration of a bill, to provide for the construction of a road from Wardensville to Moorefield, in the county of Hardy; but the House refused to reconsider the question; ayes 47, noes 55.

A bill, with amendments from the Senate, "to incorporate the Kanawha Salt Company," was indefinitely postponed—ayes 79, noes 41.

The Senate have concurred in the resolution for an adjournment on the 26th. If the adjournment should take place on that day, more than half the bills now on the table, will be untouched.

From the Richmond papers.

Tuesday, Feb. 17.

In the House of Delegates, on the bill giving the *guaranty of the State* to a loan of $500,000 for the use of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, the vote was as follows: Ayes 48—Noes 57—the delegates from this county, Berkeley, Frederick, and Loudoun voting in the affirmative.

Wednesday, Feb. 18.

On motion of Mr. Colston,

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to procure from Charles J. Faulkner, Esq. (or others who may possess them,) the documents referred to in his report, relative to the boundary between Virginia and Maryland, made to Gov. Floyd, Nov. 6, 1832; and that the same be carefully bound up, with said report, and filed among the archives of the State:

Mr. Gallaher offered the following resolution, modified at the suggestion of Mr. Colston:

Resolved, That the committee of Roads and Internal Navigation be requested to inquire into the expediency of authorizing a further subscription on the part of the State to the stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, or of granting such other aid as may be deemed expedient; and that said committee have leave to report, by bill or otherwise.

This resolution was supported by Mr. Gallaher, Mr. Colston, Mr. Janney, Mr. Johnson of R., Mr. Wilson of B., and Mr. Garland of A.

Mr. Burton called for the ayes and noes, and Mr. Holleman opposed it, and thought it might as well be considered a test question.

Mr. Nash expressed his willingness to vote for the inquiry without pledging himself to vote for an appropriation

Mr. Gregory and Mr. Hunter of E., thought the inquiry might be very properly made, without any obligation on the part of the members to vote for a bill.

The vote being taken, resulted as follows: Ayes 90—Noes 29—the delegates from Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Loudoun voting in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Johnson of Richmond,

Resolved, That the Committee for Courts of Justice be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the law respecting the jurisdiction of Courts of Chancery, and that they have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Thursday Feb. 19.

On motion of Mr. Booker of Amelia,

Resolved, That when this House adjourns on the 26th day of the present month, it will, with the concurrence of the Senate, adjourn *sine die*.

On motion of Mr. Gallaher the House proceeded to execute the joint order of the day, for the election of a Superintendent of the Penitentiary, and an Agent or General Storekeeper of said institution, for one year.

Mr. Gallaher nominated CHARLES S. MORGAN, Esq. for the office of Superintendent, and THOMAS G. MONCURE, Esq. as General Agent; both officers having discharged their duties with credit to themselves, and fidelity and usefulness to the Commonwealth.

The vote stood:

For Morgan 117—Moncure 117.

Joint vote with the Senate—Morgan 141, Moncure 141.

So CHARLES S. MORGAN, Esq. was declared duly elected Superintendent of the Penitentiary for one year; and THOMAS G. MONCURE, Esq. Agent or General Storekeeper for one year.

On motion of Mr. Cunningham,

Resolved, That the Committee for Courts of Justice be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending an act entitled an "act to reduce into one the several acts concerning Constables," as to authorize the County and Corporation Courts of this Commonwealth to cancel their appointments for malfeasance, or for any other cause which may in their judgment justify their removal from office.

On motion of Mr. Parker,

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to report to this House a list of the claims, with the names of the claimants, for bounty land for Revolutionary services, acted upon by him since the 1st of April last also, to report to such rules as he may have adopted, to regulate the prosecution and decision of claims for military land bounty; and that he also be requested to lay before this house any correspondence between him and the Commissioner of Revolutionary claims, in reference to such claims.

CONGRESS.

SATURDAY, FEB. 14.

In the Senate, The Report on Executive Patronage coming up, Mr. Ewing made an elaborate and able speech, principally against the power of removal, as exercised by the President.

In the House of Representatives, The Post Office Committee's Reports were read, and [illegible] bills acted upon.

MONDAY, FEB. 16.

In the Senate, After the usual morning business, the Report of the Committee on Executive Patronage, and the bill relative to removals of officers was taken up. Mr. Webster made a speech of upwards of one hour's duration, in opposition to the power claimed for the Executive, to remove persons from office who had been constitutionally appointed.

Mr. Wright next took the floor, and contended at length for the constitutionality of the same.

P. S. The Senate has just adjourned, after Judge White concluded. The vote on Mr. Clay's amendment to the bill was taken and decided—ayes 26, noes 15—Judge White voting aye.

In the House of Representatives, A memorial praying the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia was presented, and upon the motion to print the same there was a warm discussion.

The next subject considered was, what disposition should be made of the Statue of Thomas Jefferson now in the Rotunda of the Capitol. It was proposed to restore it to the gentleman who presented it to the Nation (*Lt. Levy of U. S. Navy*;) and after a long debate, a motion to proceed to the orders of the day prevailed.

[Nothing of very great interest seems to have been transacted during the remainder of the week; so we omit the proceedings to make room for foreign intelligence.]

A bill has been reported by the select committee appointed some time since, to examine into West Point Academy.

Public Sale.

WILL be offered, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on *Thursday the 5th day of March*, at the late residence of Samuel Howard, dec'd near Daniel M'Pherson's Mill, a part of the Personal Property, consisting of several good Work Horses, two good brood Mares, one good three year old Colt, and two two-year-old Colts, one sired by Henry S. Turner's thorough bred horse Clifton, and out of a Jubilee Mare. Also, some good Milch Cows and stock cattle, brood Sows and stock Hogs, one good Barouche and Harness, one Wagon, Ploughs, Harrows, &c. Also, some Household and Kitchen Furniture, and many other articles not necessary to mention.

Terms.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over $5, by the purchaser or purchasers giving bond and approved security. All sums of $5 and under the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, when due attendance will be given by

SAMUEL T. STRIDER, Ex'r.

Feb. 19, 1835.

N. B.—All persons having claims against the estate will please present them on or before the 1st March, properly authenticated, for settlement; and those indebted, will please to make immediate payment.

S. T. S. Ex'r.

Public Sale.

INTENDING to remove to the West, I will offer, at public sale, on Tuesday the 3d day of March next, at my residence on the farm of Mr. John Yates, near the Flowing Spring Mill, the following Property:

Eight head of valuable Work Horses,
Two Colts—Stock Cattle, Milch Cows,
Between 30 and 40 Stock Hogs,
Some fine Brood Sows,
Farming Wagon, and Gears complete,
One Cart and Gears,
Farming Utensils of every kind, including
Two Barshear and 2 McCormick, Ploughs,
4 double shovel and 4 single shovel do.
Two Harrows, and Plough Gears complete,
Mowing Scythes and Cradles,
Forks, Shovels—a Patent Cutting Box,
A first-rate Wheat Fan—2 Grind Stones,
Two or three thousand weight of Bacon and Lard by the pound,
Corn by the barrel, Rye by the bushel,
A quantity of good Wheat Straw, to be fed on the farm, near to water,
Forty head of Sheep,
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Between ninety and one hundred acres of Grain in the ground, supposed to be twelve acres of Rye—the balance in Wheat,
Together with a quantity of Potatoes.

At the same time and place will be hired two valuable NEGRO MEN and two BOYS, till next Christmas.

A credit until the first of September next will be given for all sums above five dollars, by the purchaser giving bond and approved security; for all sums under five, cash. Sale to commence early in the day, when due attendance will be given by the subscriber.

ROBERT PADGET.

Feb. 19, 1835.

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to the subscribers by William Cleveland, bearing date on the 26th day of April, 1834, and now of record in the County Court of Jefferson, will be sold, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on *Monday the 16th day of March next*, (it being Court day,) before the Court House door in Charlestown, an undivided *moiety* of that valuable

MILL PROPERTY,

(together with about 95 *acres of LAND* attached thereto,) well known as the "Ford" or "River Mills," situated immediately on the Shenandoah river, in Jefferson County, Va.—The above mills are situated in a highly productive Wheat country, and command an abundant and never failing supply of water. They are contiguous to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and Baltimore and Winchester Rail Road, and are connected with the same by a convenient water transportation.

Payments, $500 in hand, with interest thereon from July 1st, 1833, until the day of Sale; and such further sum in hand as will defray the expenses attending the execution of this trust. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in ten equal annual payments, with interest thereon, payable annually.—Further particulars, as regards the terms, will be made known on the day of sale.

I. R. DOUGLASS,
ROBT. T. BROWN,
Jan. 15, 1835.—ts. *Trustees.*

New Goods.

THE subscribers have just received a Fresh Supply of NEW GOODS, of every variety. Call and examine.

R. & J. JOHNSON.

Camp Hill, Jan. 22, 1835.

To Merchants.

SOAP and CANDLES taken in exchange for *Old Newspapers*, at this office.

Harpers Ferry
National Historical Park
Microfilm Collection

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.

THE FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1835.

IMPORTANT.

RECALL OF THE FRENCH MINISTER; MR. LIVINGSTON ORDERED OUT OF FRANCE, &c.

For important intelligence from France, our readers are referred to the preceding page. The first intimation we had of it was by a brief letter from our Representative, Col. E. Lucas; which we received on Monday morning, and which we immediately issued in an extra.

Our readers have before them the facts as far as any account of the transactions at Paris has reached us. They have likewise a considerable variety of speculations with reference to those transactions. As to what France intends to do, each one must be satisfied with his own conjecture, until history shall develop the truth. Does France intend to pay the five millions? or will the bill be rejected? If she intends to pay, will she afterwards declare war against us on account of the manner in which Gen. J. discoursed in his message? or, after cutting us, (as she has already done,) will she stand aloof, and have no intercourse with us, either belligerant or pacific?—The latter course, though mortifying to our national pride, and particularly so to those who have elevated so much imbecility to the councils of our country, would still be preferable to the horrors of war. Humiliating it would be in truth; but the degrading man-worship which rages throughout our country, demands penance. A rebuke, coming from a gallant nation, determined to enforce her stipulations and then treat our rulers with contempt, would be a severe, but a merited and sufficient mortification for American idolatry. If, on the other hand, the French people intend to wage war against us, they will find that political differences will never prevent a ready union of hearts and hands among us, in support of the government, by whom soever it may be administered. In such an event, party animosity would be stifled. Jackson and his rivals would alike become comparatively insignificant. All would feel alike on a question involving American honor, American interests, and American blood.

☞ It will be perceived that the two Houses of the General Assembly have fixed upon next Saturday for adjournment.

The celebrated speech of Mr. Brown, of Petersburg, on Mr. Leigh's nomination, has appeared in the Whig, making 9½ of the long and closely printed columns of that paper.

The citizens of Richmond lately honored the members of the Legislature with a magnificent ball, attended by about 500 persons, of whom 120 were ladies.

The splendid ship Napier was near being destroyed last week by the ice in the Chesapeake Bay. It accumulated around and upon her to an alarming extent. A gentleman on the western shore, B. Mercer, seeing her distress, despatched a messenger to Baltimore, whence prompt assistance was afforded. The Relief ploughed her way through the ice, followed by another steam boat; and having taken the Napier in tow, brought her safely to Baltimore—this reasoning from destruction the lives of the crew, and a cargo worth more than $100,000.

MUSIC.

Those who wish to cultivate an acquaintance with the principles of vocal music, would do well to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by Mr. Tyler, who is commencing a school in this place. Mr. T. is believed to be eminently qualified for imparting instruction in the art; and is withal a member of the Handel and Hayden Society of Boston.

To be able to sing well, is a fine accomplishment—one which is too little appreciated, and consequently too much neglected. It is an acquisition within the grasp of almost every one that possesses the power of articulation; and when cultivated, it will afford to its happy possessor the means of enlivening many a gloomy hour, and of dispelling the incipient clouds of grief. To the female mind particularly, whether maid or matron, we consider the consolations and companionship of music indispensable. We would not say any thing to disparage instrumental music; but we do say that it too frequently causes a neglect of the voice. If it were only fashionable to make the attempt, we might see hundreds of young ladies and young gentlemen, accomplished vocalists, enriching their social intercourse with the charms of purest melody; instead of being doomed to listen, as is too often the case, to the intolerable screeching of an ill-toned piano, the goose-like cackling of a novice at the clarionet, or the 'harsh discord' of an unskilful violist. In Switzerland, it is considered a necessary part of the education of youth, to teach them to sing.—It is deemed as important to instruct them in vocal music, as in reading their vernacular tongue. Hence that exquisite perfection, a specimen of which we once witnessed in the performances of the Tyrolese Minstrels—performances which, though sounding upon our ears as something almost unearthly, are common enjoyments among the valleys of Switzerland; and which expressed, with admirable perspicuity, the emotions of the performers, though accompanied with a language, of which we understood not one syllable.

The Jackson Convention assembled at Winchester on Thursday the 12th inst., and nominated Col. Edward Lucas as a candidate for Congress. For the proceedings, our readers are referred to the first page of to-day's paper.

We are indebted to the Hon. B. W. Leigh for a copy of the Reports of the Senatorial Committee, respecting the Post Office Department.

For a variety of other documents, we are under obligations to the Hon. H. Clay, to the Hon. J. Henderson, but above all, to our attentive friends, the Hon. E. Lucas and the Hon. B. H. Wilde.

Strong vinegar is said to be a cure for the tetter-worm.

We "take the responsibility" of making a suggestion to the Postmasters at Frederick and Baltimore. In distributing the mails at those places, the inhabitants of Charlestown and its vicinity would be accommodated, if their packages were sent by the way of Harpers-Ferry, instead of being despatched to Boonsborough.—When there is no mail starting to Harpers-Ferry, it would be better for us, and better for the contractors, to let our packages lie in the office one day than to send them travelling for a week.

Our request is reasonable, as appears from the following positions, which can be demonstrated:

1. The route from Baltimore to Charlestown by the way of Harpers-Ferry, is much shorter than by Boonsborough, Martinsburgh, and Winchester.

2. It is unfair to make Mr. Hunerichhouse's horses lug the mail by so circuitous a route, over bad roads too, when it can be brought within eight miles of us by the rail road cars.

3. It is more pleasant to read the Baltimore papers the first or second morning after publication, than when they are a week old.

POSTAGES.

We wish that our brother Editors, whose papers may contain advertisements for us, would merely mark them round with a pen. This would be sufficient to prevent them from escaping our notice. The superscription 'copy advertisement,' or 'see advertisement,' is unnecessary trouble for them; and at the same time it renders us liable to postages which are worse than unnecessary.

While on this subject, we would remind our correspondents that all letters sent to us by mail, which they wish us to publish, or which they have no personal interest, ought to be post paid. Otherwise, they run the risk of being sent to the General Post Office as dead letters. We are fond of giving intelligence in any way; and when it does not interfere with our business, we shall be glad to inform people a thousand miles distant, of the prices at which cattle, bacon, corn, turnips, eggs, &c. sell in these parts; but it is carrying the joke a little too far, to tax us with the postage of letters requesting such information.

Massachusetts Senator.—We were in error when we stated, in a former number, that John Davis had been chosen U. S. Senator for Massachusetts. In that State, the two Houses of the legislature do not give a joint vote. The Representatives chose Mr. Davis; but the Senate preferred the Hon. John Quincy Adams. At the last accounts, they had not come to an agreement.

A proposition has been made to make a tunnel under the Ohio at Cincinnati. Competent Engineers have devised plans and computed the cost; and the result is, that a tunnel would be cheaper than a bridge. A bridge, to be safe, would require an elevation of about 70 feet above low water mark. In 1832, the river rose *sixty-four feet.*

A western paper announces the death of Mrs. Blythe, consort of the Rev. Jas. Blythe, D. D., President of South Hanover College, Indiana.—She was walking on the street with a friend, and, becoming suddenly indisposed, fell upon the ground and expired.

The Northern papers announce the death of the Rev. Dr. Wisner, of Boston.

It is said that the Rev. O. B. Brown possesses a fortune of $100,000!

"When a man says '*I lie*,' does he speak the truth, or does he not? If he lies, he speaks truth; if he speaks truth, he lies." This problem, it is said, puzzled the Stoics to such a degree, that one of them (*Chrysippus*) wrote six volumes upon it, and another one (Philetus) studied himself to death in endeavoring to effect its solution.

The Governor of Pennsylvania says there are 400,000 persons in that state, totally destitute of the benefits of education.

A Baltimore paper says of a comedian, Doctor Valentine, 'The very blink of his eye is so perfectly irresistible, that he might make a tombstone laugh.'

Young Kean appropriates the most of his income to the payment of his father's debts, and to an allowance for his widowed mother. Filial piety, as well as other exalted virtues, can be found in the Green Room.

A London paper mentions that the autograph manuscript of the Memoirs of Cardinal de Retz has recently been found, and that it contains many erasures of great interest, which are not in the published editions.

A Western paper states that a machine has been invented, which will clear away the forests, plough the ground, sow the seed, reap the grain, and thrash it out—all at once!

'There should be a tax on bachelors,' said a lady. 'Yes madam,' replied one of the brotherhood, 'and on all other luxuries.'

The Corporation of Harvard University are about to erect a Library Hall, which will cost $400,000.

A Debating Society at the East appointed this subject for discussion: "Has New Hampshire or any other State a right to send to the highest legislative body in the world such a ——— being as *Isaac Hill?*"

'Give honor to whom honor is due.' This injunction of the learned Benjaminite we are impelled to regard, in reference to our friendly correspondent from whose note we give the subjoined extract. Even at the expense of our delicacy and innate bashfulness, we must say that he deserves credit for his discernment.

"I have perused the papers of several presses, and have found yours most desirable. I would be glad if you would send them to me. By so doing you will oblige yours."

MARRIED,

On Tuesday evening, the 3d inst. by the Rev. Daniel I. Stover, Mr. Clawson Bean to Miss Susannah C. Bowles, all of Loudoun county.

On Thursday, the 5th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Staley, Mr. John Russell to Miss Jane Wade, all of Shepherdstown, Va.

At Albany, on the 5th inst., Dr. Edward Maccomb, of the U. S. Army, to Miss Anna, daughter of the late Jos. Ellicott.

DIED,

In Winchester, on the 16th, in the 43d year of his age, Mr. John M. Brown, Merchant.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Departed this life, on the 16th of February, John Thornton Vestal, aged 13 months and 2 days.

He is gone to the land of the blest
From his prison of sorrow and night;
He hath snatched immortality's vest,
And mantled his spirit in light.
Eternity's harp in his hand,
The ministering angels have crowned him;
By the throne-blaze of godhead he stands,
With a halo of glory around him.

[COMMUNICATED.]

On the 9th of Jan., at his residence in Champaign county Ohio, Mr. John Clayton, formerly of this county—aged 56 years, 2 months and 20 days. Mr. C. was a kind husband and an affectionate father. He has left a widow and five children to mourn their irreparable loss.

FOR THE FREE PRESS.

LINES

On the sudden departure of Mrs. Catharine Carnale, late of Weston, Lewis county, Va., who departed this life Dec. 18th, 1834, with a hope full of immortality and eternal life.

Rest, pious soul, in Jesus' rest;
Let no unhallowed foot intrude
Upon the clay that clothes thy breast,
Nor meddle with thy solitude.

Soft be the winds that fan thy grave,
And murmur through the spiry grass;
Let weeping willows gently wave
Their [illegible] over thy lowly place.

As some sweet-scented lovely flower
Withers and falls in early bloom;
So did our sister bloom her hour,
Then—sunk—and wither'd in the tomb!

Her memory is precious still;
The fragrance of her name remains,
As roses, which the garden fill,
After their death perfume the plains.

But few were of her worth aware;
She lived for substance, not for show;
As spices, that perfume the air,
Often amidst the desert grow.

Rest, happy soul, in Jesus' rest;
Let none but Christian's feet intrude
Upon the clay that clothes thy breast,
Or interrupt thy solitude!

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, FEB. 21.

FLOUR—Howard-st.—The store price is uniform at $4.75 per bbl. at which price sales to some extent have been made. The wagon price is uniform at 4.62½.

The wagon price of cloverseed is $4.75 a $5, and the sales from stores are made at $5 a $5.25 per bushel.

At Alexandria, on Saturday last, the price of Flour was $4.45.

Valuable Mill Property
FOR SALE.

HAVING purchased, at the sale on Wednesday the 19th instant that very valuable Mill Property at Halltown and ninety acres of most rich and fertile land attached thereto, I now offer the same for sale upon the most reasonable terms, such as cannot fail to meet the convenience of those desirous of purchasing such property. The mill is situated on a never failing stream of water, only four miles from Harpers-Ferry, and immediately on the rail road and turnpike leading to that place. A more ample notice is deemed unnecessary, as the property is so well known. The payments are, one third in hand, the balance in four equal annual instalments.

BUSHROD C. WASHINGTON.

Clay Mont, near Charlestown, Feb. 26, 1835.

Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold, for cash, on the first day of March Court next, to be held for the County of Jefferson, and in front of the Court House door, five feather beds, bedsteads, bedding, two bureaus, carpets, tables, chairs, and sundry other Household and Kitchen furniture, the property of Edward Hughes, to satisfy executions, taxes, and fees bills, in my hands, for collection against said Hughes, &c.

J. R. FLAGG, D. S.
for John T. A. Washington.

Feb. 26, 1835.—3t.

HOUSE and LOT
FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE AND LOT in Charlestown, at present in the occupancy of Mr. Geo. Vestal, is offered for rent. The House is on the Main Street, and is large and spacious. Possession given on the 1st of April next.

WM. McELROY.

Feb. 26, 1834.

A Card.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments to his friends and the public, for their kind and liberal patronage extended to him since he commenced the saddling business at Harpers-Ferry; which is now nearly three years.—As many of his accounts since that time remain unsettled, he deems it necessary to have them closed by note or otherwise. He has, therefore, to request his friends and customers, who have open or unsettled accounts with him, to attend to this notice and come forward and close their accounts accordingly. Any orders sent to him in his line of business will be promptly attended to.

ADAM WHIP.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 26, 1835.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, having come to the determination to close his present business at Harpers-Ferry, offers to the public his whole

Stock of Goods,

at cost prices, for cash, (the Grocery department alone excepted.) The stock comprises a general assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, ready made Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Queensware, Stoneware, Crockery, &c. &c. The proposition is, to commence selling on the above terms, on the *first day of March next.* Sales to continue for the space of 12 days.—This will place it within the reach of many to supply themselves to advantage, and it is hoped that a discerning public will not overlook the opportunity.

The subscriber also calls upon all who are indebted to him, by bond, note, or book account to come forward without delay and make payment; as the state of the concern imperiously demands promptitude in this respect.

THOMAS HUGHES.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 26, 1835—tf.

MOSHER & SMITH,
Commission Merchants,
NO. 39, *BOWLY'S WHARF,*
Baltimore,

HAVE for several years been extensively engaged in receiving and selling for Millers and Farmers in Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, *FLOUR* on Commission; as well as all other kinds of Produce. Their long experience in business, they think, enable them to give entire satisfaction to those who may intrust their interest to their care. Their Warehouse are fire proof and immediately on the Rail Road. Liberal advances made on consignments when required.

References.

Daniel Snyder, Esq. } *Jefferson County, Va.*
G. H. Wager, Esq. }
J. T. Cookus, Esq. }
Wm. Long, Esq. } *Berkeley County, Va.*
D. Burkhart, Esq. }
S. Brown, Esq. } *Frederick County, Va.*
John Bruce, Esq. }
J. Pitman, Esq. *Shenandoah County, Va.*
M. Whetmore, Esq. *Rockingham County, Va.*

Baltimore, Feb. 26, 1835—4t.

The Martinsburg, Winchester, Shenandoah and Rockingham papers will insert the above four times, and send their accounts to the office of the Virginia Free Press.

Stone Mill and Tavern
FOR RENT.

IF not rented before *Tuesday the 10th day of March*, this property will, on that day, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. be rented at public auction on the premises.

This property is situated in Washington county, Maryland, about three miles east of *Harpers-Ferry.* The **MILL** runs two pair of burrs and one of corn stones, and can at all times, command a full supply of grain.—It has at its north end the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road and Frederick and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike Roads, and at its south end the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. All these great thoroughfares pass immediately in front of the Tavern House. Possession of the Mill may be immediately had, and of the Tavern House on the 1st day of April next. If desired some farming land will be attached.

CASPAR W. WEVER.

Feb. 26, 1835.

Valuable
Middletown Valley Lands,
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, being anxious to invest the proceeds of the sale of his lands in a cotton plantation and western lands, offers for sale the following tracts or parcels of Land—

PERIA,

Situated on the Merryland Tract, containing

857¼ ACRES OF LAND.

It was formerly divided into three Farms.—By a late resurvey and division, the whole tract is now laid off into four farms. It will be sold to suit purchasers, either entire or separate. For fertility there is none to excel it; for sublimity and grandeur of scenery there is none to surpass it. The Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal pass through the bottom land of this farm. The improvements are very good; several thousand pannels of post and rail fence have been erected during the last three years, and twenty-five hundred pannels are now ready for erection.

RUSTLAND,

Lies on the south eastern corner of the same valley and

CONTAINS 400 ACRES

Of the same quality as the above Farm. This Farm has also been lately resurveyed by patent from the General Land Office. It was formerly divided into two farms and will be sold to suit purchasers. There is on this farm a GRIST MILL. The Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal pass along the south western line of the Farm. This Farm is advantageously situated for a Tannery—bark in abundance can be had in the neighborhood and has a very large brick house on it which can be easily adapted to the purpose of a tannery, besides two other Dwelling houses and a large Barn, &c. &c.

RICH WOODS

Contains 250 Acres of Land,

Situated in Jefferson county, Virginia, about 4 miles west of Charlestown, adjoining the lands of Mr. Bushrod C. Washington. The name of this Farm is a sufficient recommendation to it. I will only add that there is no limestone land in any country superior to it. The improvements are excellent. It has on it a first-rate Apple Orchard of select grafted fruit, and every thing to recommend it to dealers in land. The Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Rail Road runs through the farm, forming a junction at Harpers-Ferry with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road. There is a private depot on the Farm. Further description of these valuable tracts is deemed unnecessary. I will only say these Farms are now rented for one half of their product.

ALSO

A MOUNTAIN LOT,

Near the town of Jefferson,

CONTAINING 92 1-2 ACRES.

Which will be sold on the same terms as the above tracts.

The payments will be made to suit the convenience of the purchasers—but a small amount will be required to be paid in hand.

During my absence the tenants of the farms will shew them to persons wishing to purchase.

Letters directed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to.

RICHARD JOHNSON of Wm.
Near Jefferson, Md.

Feb. 26, 1835—4t.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, at public auction, on the *2d day of March next*, (being the 1st day of March court,) before the tavern door of Osburn & Purcell, in the town of Winchester, between fifteen and twenty young and valuable SLAVES, consisting of young men and young women, boys and girls. These negroes are in families, and will be sold on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

J. P. THOMPSON, Ex'r
of Jonah Thompson, Dec'd.

Feb. 26, 1835—2t.

A Situation Wanted.

A MAN, well acquainted with the business of farming, and having a small family, wishes a situation as a workhand and manager of a farm. Application may be made to Mr. Geo. Eichelberger, to Mr. Charles Noland, on the farm of the late Adam Eichelberger, or to THIS OFFICE.

Feb. 26, 1835—3t.

Clover Seed.

SIXTY bushels clean CLOVER SEED, raised near Hagerstown, Maryland, for sale by B. T. TOWNER.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 26, 1835.

Plaister for Sale.

A QUANTITY of plaister for sale, ready ground, by CRAWSON & DAVIS.

Hite's Mills, Feb. 26, 1835—3t.

CLOVER SEED,

FOR sale by H. KEYES.

February 26, 1835.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Wiltshire & Hite, are requested to come forward and discharge their respective dues without delay, as longer indulgence cannot be given; and all those having claims against the firm, will present them for settlement.—The firm make this request from absolute necessity, and earnestly hope that it may not be disregarded. The public's humble servants. WILTSHIRE & HITE.

Feb. 26, 1835.—3t.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold, on *Friday the 27th inst.*, at the late residence of Jacob H. Manning dec'd. near Elk Run Meeting-house, all the Personal Property, (at present available) of said dec'd. consisting, in part, of 4 valuable Work Horses, 2 Colts, 2 Cows, and a short horned Durham Bull; 15 Hogs, one Wagon and Gearing for 5 Horses. Also, Farming Utensils, Carpenter's Tools, and a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, together with Corn by the barrel, and about fifty five acres of Wheat and Rye in the ground.

A credit until the 1st day of November next will be given on all sums of $5 and upwards; for purchases of smaller magnitude, the cash will be required.

GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON,
Adm'r. of Jacob H. Manning dec'd.

Feb. 19, 1835.

A New and Important
INVENTION.

EDWARD S. & DANIEL BELL, of Middleway, Jefferson county, Virginia, have obtained a Patent for a new and useful improvement in the Art or Science of Tanning Animal Hides and Skins into Leather.

Their improvement consists in Breaking Spanish Hide, by two simple ingredients, in 36 hours.

2d. In freeing the ooze or tan of all impurities, (such as yellow sediment, &c.) by filtration.

4th. Causing the tan more readily to enter the pores of Hides and Skins, by the use of mechanical compression. This they effect by spreading the hide out on a platform, connected with a vat on each side, and passing rollers over it. This will press out any foreign matter that may be in its pores (such as water, oil, gas, &c.) and leave the hide free and open for the reception of a fresh charge. They are suspended in the vats, where they are suffered to expand and imbibe the ooze, which they will do in about 24 hours. They are thence taken and passed through the same operation, that the exhausted liquor or watery matter, &c. may be pressed out, and leave the hides free and open for another fresh charge; and so on with compression and expansion until the hides are tanned, which will take place for heavy hides in from 4 to 8 weeks, and light skins in two or three weeks.

This is a very short account from their system. All persons wishing further information on this subject can obtain it by correspondence with the subscribers.

February 19, 1835.—3t.

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust, executed to the subscriber on the 5th day of January last, by Isaac Shewalter, jr., and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts therein mentioned, as due to Isaac Shewalter, sr., Humphrey Keyes and others, I shall proceed, on *Monday the 2d day of March next*, to sell, to the highest bidder, on the premises, in the possession of the said Isaac Shewalter, jr., near Leetown, and belonging to some of the heirs of Capt. Richard Baylor, dec'd, a variety of **PERSONAL PROPERTY**, conveyed to me by said deed of trust, consisting of the following named and other articles too tedious to be specified, to wit:

8 head of Horses, including one Stallion, (a young Hyder Ally,) and one yearling,
10 head of horned Cattle (Milch Cows and Heifers,)
Also, a number of Hogs,
Two Wagons, one for the road,
Ten sets of Gears—1 Cart and Gears,
One set of Blacksmith's Tools,
One tin-plate Stove and Pipe,
A quantity of Bacon, Corn and Potatoes,
Almost every variety of Farming Utensils including Ploughs, Harrows, &c.
Household and Kitchen Furniture, comprising Beds and other valuable articles needless to specify,
About 100 acres of Wheat, and 30 of Rye, growing in the ground on said farm,
One likely Female Slave, about 17 years of age.

Terms.—The female slave will be sold for cash. All the other property on a credit till 1st September next, on all sums above $5, notes and security being given; and cash required for all sums under $5.

WM. LUCAS, *Trustee.*

Feb. 19, 1835.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber will offer for sale, on *Saturday the 28th March* at the residence of Dr. Nelson, in Smithfield, all the household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of 1 new Sideboard, 1 Bureau, 1 set of half-round Tables, 1 Work-stand, all mahogany and made in the most fashionable style; Chairs, Bedsteads, Pots, Kettles, Ovens, &c. &c.

Terms.—For all sums of $5 and under, the cash will be required; for all sums over that amount a credit of nine months will be given.

GIDEON H. RUPERT.

Feb. 19, 1835.

ZINGANEE,

THE thorough bred Stallion and famous racer, will stand the ensuing season at my farm, Wood End, Jefferson County, Va.—Zinganee is a dark bay, with black legs, mane and tail, and is fifteen hands three inches and a half high, seven years old this spring, of fine bone and great muscular power. Zinganee is by the celebrated Sir Archy, out of the famous race mare Atalanta, by the imported horse Chance, &c. For pedigree in full and performances, see handbills.

ROBERT W. BAYLOR.

Feb. 12, 1835—tf.

Valuable Tan Yard
FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the subscribers, by Nathaniel Scroggin, and now of record in the County Court of Jefferson, we shall proceed to sell, on Saturday the 7th of March next, before the door of Daniel Entler, in Shepherdstown, a valuable Tan Yard, situated in said town, Jefferson county, Va. The property embraces between FOUR AND FIVE LOTS, and is situated in an agreeable part of the town, and was formerly the property of the late Mr. John Kearsley, dec'd. The Yard contains

A LARGE NUMBER OF VATS,

Most of which are in good order, and has every necessary building and apparatus connected with Tanning,—deriving an abundant and never failing supply of water from a stream passing through the yard. There is on the premises, a large and commodious and well-finished DWELLING-HOUSE, together with a Kitchen, a good brick Smoke-House, a Dairy, and a well of excellent and never failing water. On one of the lots contiguous to the dwelling house, there is a Barn and Stable.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid in six, one third in twelve, and one third in eighteen months—interest added; to be secured by a deed of trust on the above mentioned property, with approved personal security.

THOMAS G. HARRIS,
JOHN DAVENPORT,
Jan. 29, 1835—ts. Trustees.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE dwelling house and office on the main street of Charlestown, now occupied by William Lucas, Esq. Possession to be given on the 1st day of April next.

This property may be purchased on easy terms. A credit of seven years will be allowed, if the purchase money be well secured and the interest paid annually.

JOSEPH T. DAUGHERTY.

Feb. 12, 1835.

Public Sale.

INTENDING to remove to the West, I will offer, at public sale, on *Saturday the 28th of February*, at my residence, on the farm belonging to Mr. Joseph Melvin, all my Household and Kitchen FURNITURE, consisting of the following articles:

Beds, Bedsteads, and Bedding,
Tables, Chairs, two corner Cupboards,
One mahogany Work-Stand with drawers,
Two Desks, and one thirty-hour Clock.

—ALSO—

One set of Carpenter's Tools,
One Gig and Harness, one fresh Milch Cow,
Two young Dray Mares, (full blood,) one sired by the old Northern Eclipse, the other by old Clifton. Also, some Hogs, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of five months will be given on all sums of five dollars, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and on all sums under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at ten o'clock, when due attendance will be given by

BENJAMIN MELVIN, jun.

Feb. 12, 1835—3t.

The Last Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribes either by note or book account are requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot nor will not be given; all claims due me unsettled by the 28th of the present month, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

BENJAMIN MELVIN, jun.

Feb. 12, 1835—3t.

Point of Rocks Hotel
FOR SALE OR RENT.

THIS Establishment, formerly occupied by J. R. Thomas, together with nearly all the Furniture, is offered for sale or rent.—The Cars stop to breakfast and dine. The public are informed that this establishment is still in operation, and will continue; and every exertion will be made to make improvements on the accommodations heretofore.

W. HELLEN.

February 12, 1835.—4t.

Baltimore House.

THIS celebrated Hotel, (known as the **INDIAN QUEEN,**) is now opened by the undersigned. The House has been remodelled and put in elegant order; a new addition of more than forty rooms, including a superior dining room, spacious and beautiful Saloon, a Ladies' Ordinary, and splendid Drawing room attached, and several delightful Parlors, situate on and commanding a view of the most fashionable thoroughfare of the city. The House and furniture is acknowledged to be superior to what it ever has been; and the Proprietor pledges himself to the public, to use his best exertions to give a corresponding improvement to all that is essential to the comfort and pleasure of those who will honor the House with their company.

JOHN W. KING.

Feb. 5, 1835.—4t.

For Sale or Rent,

THE House and Lot, on the main street, at present occupied by the subscriber. The house has lately undergone a thorough repair. It contains thirteen rooms, most of which are papered and newly painted. An excellent brick pavement has lately been made. The garden is not surpassed by any in the place. There is a good stable on the lot. This property is in the immediate neighborhood of a never-failing well of water, which, in Charlestown, is particularly desirable. It is suitable for a large family or boarding house.

If rented, possession can be given on the first of April. If sold, the terms will be made easy and accommodating.

Dec. 25, 1834.—6tcow.

☞ P. S. If rented, a tenant renting for a number of years, will be preferred.

New Establishment.

THE subscribers, SILVER-SMITHS and JEWELLERS, beg leave respectfully to inform the public that they have commenced business at *Harpers-Ferry*, in the room heretofore occupied as a Silversmith shop, one door west of the Apothecary shop of Stephenson & Co.

Having procured a SUPPLY from below, the subscribers are prepared to furnish those who may wish to purchase articles in their line. The public are respectfully invited to give them a call.

J. P. MYLIUS.
FREDERICK HOUCK.

Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 22, 1835—tf

J. P. MYLIUS, *WATCH and CLOCK MAKER*, will attend, at the same place, to all orders for making or repairing Clocks and Watches.

Harpers Ferry
National Historical Park
Microfilm Collection

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Literature, Science, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, Internal Improvement, and General Miscellany.

VARIETY.

A Winter Sunset.

BY MISS A. E. WOODBRIDGE.

I love a winter's sunset.—Look, e'en now!
As the bright bird of Heaven his wing extends
E'en to its utmost limit. 'Tis to fold
In one fond, last embrace, the earth which smiles
And catches from each golden plume, a tinge
Of heavenly beauty. Look! the western way
Was never, in the gorgeous summer time,
More bright with radiant hues, and never slept
More sweetly on its breast that mountain range.
Ay! 'tis glorious all!.
And yet how faint! how dark! compared with Him
Who thus doth condescend to shadow forth
Of Deity, the tokens.

ON SLEEP.

O sleep! what though of death thou art
To be an image said,
I wish thee still, with all my heart,
The partner of my bed.

Thy company, soft sleep, then give,
While in thy arms I lie;
How sweet! thus, without life, to live!
Thus, without death to die!

"FRAILTY! *thy name is woman.*"—SHAKESPEARE.

If Frailty's name is *woman's* self,
A name which nature gave,
Sure *man must be the weaker elf,*
Still to be Frailty's slave.

As the dew lies longest and produces most fertility in the shade, so woman, in the shade of domestic retirement, sheds round her paths more permanent blessings than the man who is exposed to the glare of public life.

Domestic Happiness.—Where will our sorrows receive the same solace, as in the bosom of our family? Whose hand wipes the tear from our cheek, or the chill of death from our brow with the same fondness, as that of the wife? If the raging elements are contending without, here is a shelter. If war is desolating the country, here is peace and tranquillity. Blissful and happy hours, that unite us together in sweet and holy companionship, I bid you a joyful welcome.

Matrimony is like masonry, no one knows the secret until he is initiated—it is like an eel trap [illegible] easy to get in, but plaguy hard [illegible]. It is, in its first stage, like a wind that fans the flame of love, but unfortunately too much fanning blows it all out. In short, it is every thing that is contradictory, sweet or bitter, just as it is taken.

"I live in Julia's eyes," said an affected dandy in Coleman's hearing.—"I don't wonder at it," replied the wit, "since I observed she had a *sty* in them when I saw her last."

Valuable Farm for Sale
NEAR WINCHESTER.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Frederick county, the subscriber, appointed a Special Commissioner for that purpose, will offer for SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION, *on Wednesday the 11th day of March next,* A TRACT OF LAND situated about one and a half miles north of Winchester, on the eastern side of the Martinsburg road and immediately contiguous to the Rail Road—containing 200 ACRES, being part of a larger tract of which the late Daniel Hartman died seized. The Land is a strong limestone soil in good cultivation, having a due proportion (say one third) of large Oak Timber.—It is well supplied with water having one constant spring upon it besides a stream through nearly its whole extent. The buildings consist of a small STONE DWELLING HOUSE—also a Log House with a frame addition and a commodious barn.

The Sale will be made before the front door of Osburn and Purcell's Hotel in Winchester. Terms—one third cash, the balance in two equal annual instalments without interest. For the deferred payments bond and security together with a lien on the Land will be required. Sale to take place about noon.

JOHN HOFF, *Spec. Com.*
Winchester, Feb. 19, 1835.

Old Debts.

THOSE persons who know themselves indebted to the late firm of Lane & Towner, and Towner & Harris, are reminded that they need not expect their notes to be retained by me much longer; as I am satisfied each one concerned will agree that from five to ten years' indulgence is enough: and for four they may think this my second notice, through the medium of a newspaper, will pass off, as the first, I pledge them my word, *a few weeks will find their notes out* of my hands. B. T. TOWNER.
Shepherdstown, Feb. 19, 1835.

STORAGE.

THE subscriber having taken one of those large slate-roofed WAREHOUSES, in Market-Street, one door below Paca, is prepared to receive on Storage, or to give the market price, for any quantity of

Flour or other Produce

that may be consigned to him by the Rail-Road or other conveyance. As he intends to this business, he will be thankful for any favors in his way from his friends and the public, who may depend upon the strictest punctuality in payment as well as disposition of property entrusted to his care.

JOHN C. RICHARDS.
Baltimore, Feb. 19, 1835.

REFERENCES.

Geo. W. Hammond, *Charlestown, Va.*
W. & S. B. Anderson, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Gen. Geo. Rust, do
Alexander Brown & Sons,
Alexander Pridge,
Wm. & Geo. Morris,
Jas. L. Hawkins, Cash'r,
Jacob & Charles Baltzell,
Thomas & P. Baltzell,
Baltzell & Davidson,
W. F. & A. Murdock & Co.
Buckey and Kemp,
J. Hopkins & Brothers,
Hough, Turner & Co.
Clark & Kellogg,
Nelson Clark, } *Baltimore.*
Jacob T. Towson, *Williamsport,*
Col. John McPherson,
John & Jacob Markell,
Christian Steiner, } *Frederick City.*
Wm. S. Nicholls, *Georgetown, D. C.*

THE
Citizens of Harpers-Ferry
AND ITS VICINITY

ARE hereby informed, that an interest of *four fifths* in and to a TRACT OF LAND, lying within two miles of Harpers-Ferry, and adjoining lands of Wm. Smallwood, Samuel Strider, *and others*, will, if not previously sold, be offered for sale, at Beckham's Hotel, *on the 7th of March next,* at 2 o'clock, P. M. The tract contains 30 acres, more or less—half of it covered with a fine growth of mixed Timber—and from its convenience to the public works, holds out advantages not to be overlooked. Application may be made either to ANDREW HUNTER, Esq., Charlestown, or to P. C. McCABE, Esq., Harpers-Ferry.

☞ The cash will be required, and a good title given.
Feb. 19, 1835.

Feather Beds, &c.

I HAVE now on hand, a number of Feather Beds, Hair and Moss Mattresses, Venitian and Transparent Window Blinds, &c., which I will sell low.

LEONARD SADLER.
Feb. 19, 1835.

A Horse Wanted.

A FAIR price will be given for a good *RIDING HORSE*, of good height.—A fast walk and long easy trot will be preferred, as his gaits. Apply at

THIS OFFICE.
Feb. 19, 1835.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having taken out letters of administration upon the estate of Elisha Webb, dec'd, requests all persons indebted to said dec'd to make payment, and all having claims, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

RICHARD JOHNSON.
Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 19, 1835.

Wanted to Hire,

A NEGRO MAN, who can be recommended as a careful Carriage driver. An elderly man would be preferred. A fair price will be given. Enquire of the Editors.
Feb. 19, 1835.

To Lovers of Literature.

THE attention of the citizens of Charlestown, Harpers-Ferry, and the vicinity, is respectfully solicited to that deservedly popular and cheap periodical the LONDON PENNY MAGAZINE. This work is published in England under the superintendence of the society for the diffusion of useful knowledge; and is re-printed in this country from stereotype plates furnished by the society. It is published in monthly parts containing from 40 to 50 pages small folio, and about 20 splendid engravings on wood. The paper is of the best quality and the type excellent. Terms $1 50 per annum in monthly parts, or $2 neatly bound. The third volume will be complete in March 1835. This work has an unparallaled circulation of *more than* 300,000 *copies periodically.* It is increasing in interest, and may with propriety be termed *the best and cheapest periodical published.*" The whole work may be had bound or in parts, at our office in Baltimore, or of Mr. Charles Staley, Harpers-Ferry, sub-agent for Jefferson County Va.

Also, the LONDON PENNY CYCLOPÆDIA, *price $1 50 per annum.* This work, when complete, will be the cheapest and best modern CYCLOPÆDIA extant.

RICHARDS & SON, *General Agents,*
Corner of North & Fayette streets, Baltimore, Md.
Feb. 12, 1835.

DISSOLUTION OF
CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing, under the name and firm of Dr. G. B. Stephenson & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 24th day of February inst. The accounts with said firm are ready for settlement; and as existing circumstances render it necessary to close them forthwith, all persons interested are requested to call as soon as convenient, and settle the same with James Andrews, who is duly authorized to settle the business of said concern.

GEORGE B. STEPHENSON,
JAMES ANDREWS.
Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 12, 1835.

N. B. The business will hereafter, be conducted under the firm of Stephenson and Levering.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having undertaken to settle the business of Harris and Rutherford, takes this method of informing those indebted to that firm, that being about to remove from Virginia, he has placed the books and papers of the concern with E. L. Lee, jr. Esq., of Shepherdstown; who is authorized to settle all accounts and to receipt for any money paid to him.

The subscriber hopes that those who know themselves to be indebted to Harris and Rutherford will call on Mr. Lee without delay, as it is necessary the business of that firm shall be speedily closed.

THOMAS RUTHERFORD.
Feb. 12, 1835.

WINCHESTER FEMALE
ACADEMY.
A. C. SMITH, PRINCIPAL.

THE next session will commence on the 16th inst. Parents and guardians may rely on the continued and unremitted exertions of the subscriber to render this seminary as extensively useful as possible. The Latin, Greek and French languages are now taught; to which will be added, *when necessary*, the Spanish and Italian. Due attention is paid to the various branches of English education, including in part, reading, writing, arithmetic, orthography, grammar, geography with the use of the globes, rhetoric and composition, history, natural and moral philosophy, chemistry, astronomy and botany. The musical department continues under the direction of Mrs. Smith. Nothing shall be omitted to satisfy the expectation and patronage of the public.

For English pupils the price of tuition is $10 a session; for Classical, $14. The subscriber's residence is commodiously situated for boarders, who will be charged for board, lodging, washing and tuition, $75 a session, one half payable in advance. For music and other ornamental branches a separate charge will be made. A. C. SMITH.
Winchester, Feb. 12, 1835.—3t *and cow3t*

Garden Seed.

WE have received at our Store, a large supply of fresh and genuine GARDEN SEED, of every variety of kind.

R. & J. JOHNSON.
Camp-Hill, Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 19, 1835.

DOCTOR H. WASHINGTON,

HAVING taken the house lately occupied by Doc't. Hunter, dec'd, offers his professional services to the inhabitants of the neighborhood.
Feb. 19, 1835—3t.

FOR SALE,
2 HOUSES AND LOTS.

THE one situated in Charlestown, on the Main Street, considered the most pleasant situation in said town. It has two large rooms below and six above, including two well finished apartments in the garret. On the same lot adjoining, is a log dwelling house, containing two rooms, also usual adjoining, a convenient warehouse; a good stable, situated on one corner of the lot and an alley leading from the main to the back street, also belongs to said property.

Any person desiring a pleasant and healthy residence will find the above named house and lot worth purchasing. The other, now in the occupancy of Mr. Thomas Likens, is situated on Liberty street, opposite one of the best Wells of water in town. This house is two stories high, containing four rooms, two below and the same above stairs, with stable and smoke-house belonging; the garden is one among the largest and richest lots in Charlestown. The property will be sold immediately, and possession given directly to the first mentioned House and lot; the other will be unoccupied the first day of April. SALLY D. BRISCOE,
MARY MANNING.

For terms apply to S. D. BRISCOE, living in Shepherdstown. If not sold at private sale, they will be sold at public sale on Monday the 16th of March next, (being Court day.)

MARY MANNING.
Jan. 29, 1835—*tf.*

VALLEY HOTEL,

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

I TAKE the liberty to announce to the public, that I shall, on Monday next, (acting as Agent for a Joint Stock Company,) open a

House of Entertainment

in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, at the old stand, nearly in the centre of the town, which has for many years been occupied as a Tavern by numerous persons, and now called the Valley Hotel.

My TABLE shall be supplied with the best viands the market affords—a careful OSTLER always in attendance—and my charges moderate.

Inclination leads me almost irresistibly not to keep drink, of which alcohol is a component part; but under all circumstances I have concluded for the present, to keep Liquors o. *the best quality for travellers and strangers*

A "grog-shop" shall *never* be kept under the roof of a house over which I have control.

To save trouble, I give notice at the onset, that no credit need be asked, as none will be given. I most respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

ISAAC N. CARTER.
Charlestown, Jan. 15, 1835.

BOLIVAR LOTS
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell, at public auction, for ready money, on the 7th day of March next, at Beckham's hotel, Harpers-Ferry, certain LOTS in the town of Bolivar, conveyed by John R. Hayden to John Janney, in trust, to secure the payment of a debt to Amos Janney, by deed dated 24th January, 1834. A sale of part of the premises so conveyed was made on the 13th December last, the property being laid off in lots agreeably to a plat then exhibited. The lots to be sold on the 7th March, are those marked on said plat as numbers 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 23, 27, 31, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, and 28. The purchasers of these lots having failed to pay the purchase money, the same will be again sold for the purpose of raising the purchase money, with interest, and expense of re-selling, and the former purchasers will be held liable for any deficiency which may exist, and for all expenses attending the contemplated sale.

J. T. DAUGHERTY,
Attorney in fact for John Janney, trustee.
Feb. 5, 1835.

M. S. BROWN & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have purchased the assortment of splendid

Jewellery & Fancy Goods,

next door to the Globe tavern in Shepherdstown, to which they are making fresh additions, and intend keeping a full and complete assortment of all articles in their line, such as the most

Fashionable and splendid JEWELLERY,
Gold and Silver Watches of every quality,
Clocks and Mantel Time Pieces.
English Brittania Ware, by the set or piece,
Pistols, Dirks, Canes and Whips,
Pen, Pocket and Dirk Knives,
Razors, Razor Strops—Fancy Soap,
Perfumes of every variety,
And every other kind of fancy article that an be called for.

They have in their employ first-rate workmen, manufacturing Silver Ware, Plate, &c. such as Spoons, Ladles, Sugar Tongs, embossed or raised Tea Sets—Fruit Dishes and Baskets—and every other article to order.

Watches carefully repaired, and warranted to run well for 12 months.

Engraving upon Canes, Umbrellas, Door Plates and Cake Plates, &c. &c. neatly executed.

Injured or broken Jewellery repaired with despatch; and the highest prices given for old Gold and Silver.

Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine, as they may depend upon every article being offered at the lowest possible prices.

Shepherdstown, Jan. 8, 1835.—tf.

For Rent.

WE offer for rent, our spacious DWELLING HOUSE, immediately over our store. It has nine separate and distinct rooms, four of them with fire places, an entry leading to it from the front street; a good kitchen and meat house are attached. The kitchen is even with the first floor, immediately in the rear of the dwelling. This establishment, we think, would make a suitable place for private entertainment,—a place much wanted, and would of necessity be much encouraged. Possession can be had immediately.

W. & S. B. ANDERSON.
Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 5, 1835.—tf.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in February 1835.

Fontain Beckham, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Edward Hughes, William M'Graw, Nicholas Marmion, and Catharine Hughes, DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Edward Hughes not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the 17th day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste, ROBT. T. BROWN,
Feb. 12, 1835. *Clerk.*

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Wm. Lucas, adm'r of Samuel D. Eagle dec'd, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Richard Gartrell and Philip C. Pendleton, Henry St. George Tucker, and John R. Cooke, executors of Adam S. Dandridge dec'd, DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Richard Gartrell not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the seventh day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house in the said town of Charlestown.

A copy—Teste, ROB'T T. BROWN,
Jan. 29, 1835. *Clerk*

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Maria Buckmaster, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Nathaniel Buckmaster, Mary Ann Buckmaster, Corbin Buckmaster, William James and Mary his wife, James Anderson and Catharine his wife, Jane Juliana Dutro, James Henry Dutro, Mary Catharine Dutro, John Alexander Dutro, George William Dutro, Mary Ware Dutro, David Spangler Dutro, Nathaniel Buckmaster Dutro, Michael Mitchel Dutro, and Evelina Swamstead Dutro, Nathaniel Buckmaster, Sr. Leonard Sadler, Executor of John Buckmaster, deceased, and Andrew Hunter, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants Nathaniel Buckmaster, Mary Ann Buckmaster, Corbin Buckmaster, William James and Mary his wife, Jane J., James H., Mary C., John A., George W., Nancy W., David S., Nathaniel B., Michael M., and Evelina S. Dutro, and Nathaniel Buckmaster, Sen. not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they not are inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendants do appear here on the seventh day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
January 29, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Caleb Cope and John Pleager, partners under the firm of Caleb Cope & Company, PLAINTIFFS,
AGAINST
Henry H. Waring and Nathaniel A. Hinkle, late partners trading under the firm of Waring & Hinkle, and James B. Wager, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant, Henry H. Waring, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house in the said town of Charlestown.

A copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 15, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Joseph L. Russell, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
James B. Wager, Gerard B. Wager, Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, late Sally Ann Wager, Thomas Johnson, Richard Johnson, William Cost Johnson, Edward Lucas jr., Jos. T. Daugherty, the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, John Cost, Erasmus Garrot, Gerard B. Wager, adm'r of F. W. Sprenger deceased, Patrick O. Byrne, Christian Stonebraker, Wm. A. Carter, Jacob Albert and John R. Moore, merchants and partners trading under the firm of Jacob Albert & Co., John Melvin sen., administrator of Jesse Engle dec'd, Joseph Lilby, John Frame, adm'r of Townshend Beckham dec'd, Nath'l A. Hinkle, and Peter Wager, DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants, Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, Thomas Johnson, Richard Johnson, Wm. Cost Johnson, John Cost, Erasmus Garrot, Christian Stonebraker, Jacob Albert and John R. Moore, merchants and partners trading under the firm of Jacob Albert & Company, Joseph Lilby, and Peter Wager, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they not are inhabitants of this country: It is ordered; that the said defendants do appear here on the seventh day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house in the said town of Charlestown.

A copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 29, 1835.

Horse for Hire.

BILLY BUTTON, will be hired to careful individuals. Apply at this office.
Jan. 29, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835.

David Orsborn, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
David Hayward, administrator of Margaret Orsborn, deceased, and Leonard Sadler, and Thos. M. T. Burnett, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant David Hayward not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the seventh day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
January 29, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

William Lucas, administrator *de bonis non* with the will annexed of Edward Lucas, deceased, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Lewis Lucas, executor of Mersey Wager, deceased, who was the widow and administratrix of John Wager, senior, deceased, James B. Wager, administrator *de bonis non* of John Wager, junior, deceased, who was one of the children and heirs and administrator of the said John Wager, senior, and the said James B. Wager, Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, late Sally Ann Wager, and Gerard B. Wager, the said James B. Sally Ann, and Gerard B. Wager, being children and heirs of the said John Wager, junior, Mary Seeleg, late Mary Wager, Bazil Williamson and Margaret his wife, late Margaret Wager, Hannah Humphreys, (late Hannah Wager,) widow of Roger Humphreys, and Philip Wager, the said Mary Seeleg, Margaret Williamson, Hannah Humphreys and Philip Wager, being children and heirs of the said John Wager, senior, deceased, Joseph Hoffman, Ellen A. Hoffman and George Hoffman, the said Joseph being the husband, and the said Ellen A. and George being the children and heirs of Elizabeth Hoffman, deceased, late Elizabeth Wager, a daughter of the said John Wager, senior, deceased, and Hannah Wager, widow and administratrix; and Charles, Elizabeth, Edward Lee, and James B. Wager, infant children and heirs of Edward Wager, deceased, who was a son and one of the heirs of said John Wager, senior, deceased, Carver Willis, late sheriff of Jefferson County, to whom was committed the administration *de bonis non* of the estate of Charles Wager, deceased, another son and heir of said John Wager, senior, deceased, and George W. Humphreys, administrator of Roger Humphreys, deceased, late husband of the said Hannah Humphreys, late Hannah Wager, DEF'RS,

IN CAANCERY.

THE defendants, Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, Mary Seeleg, Bazil Williamson and Margaret his wife, Philip Wager, Joseph Hoffman and George Hoffman not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clk.*
January 15, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Samuel Gibson, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
James B. Wager, Gerard B. Wager, Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, late Sally A. Wager, Thomas Johnson, Richard Johnson, Wm. Cost Johnson, Edward Lucas jr., Joseph T. Daugherty, the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, John Cost, Erasmus Garrott, Gerard B. Wager, adm'r of F. W. Sprenger deceased, Patrick O. Byrne, Christian Stonebraker, Wm. A. Carter, Joseph L. Russell, Jacob Albert and John R. Moore, merchants and partners trading as Jacob Albert & Co., John Melvin sen., adm'r of Jesse Engle dec'd, Joseph Lilby, John Frame, adm'r of Townshend Beckham dec'd, Nath'l A. Hinkle, Peter Wager, Henry H. Waring, Geo. H. Smoot, B. Harrison, John, Thomas, and Washington Harrison, merchants and partners trading under the firm of Harrison & Brothers, DEF'RS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants Noah M. Swayne and Sally Ann his wife, Thomas Johnson, Richard Johnson, Wm. Cost Johnson, John Cost, Erasmus Garrot, Christian Stonebraker, Jacob Albert and John R. Moore, merchants and partners trading as Jacob Albert & Co., Joseph Lilby, and Peter Wager not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendants do appear here on the seventh day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A copy—Teste,

ROBT. T. BROWN,
Jan. 29, 1835. *Clerk,*

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1835:

Wm. L. Boake, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
George B. Carrell, Michael Foley, James B. Wager, Nancy Shirley, Administratrix with the will annexed of Wm. Shirley, dec'd, and Joseph Starry, Administrator de bonis non *with the will annexed of the said Wm. Shirley, dec'd,* DEF'RS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendant, George B. Carrell, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for 2 months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 15, 1835.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE a first rate new ROAD WAGON, with belmetal boxes, which I will sell low for cash, or good paper that bearing interest. THOS. RAWLINS.
Jan. 29, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

In the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, January Rules, 1835:

Wesley Manning, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Wm. F. Buskirk, Margaret Dixon, Executrix of John Dixon, dec'd, Henry Strider, base Strider, and Samuel Strider, DEF'TS,

Charles L. Stewart, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
The same, DEFT'S.

Humphrey Keyes, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
The same, DEFT'S.

Lott Ensey and Charles D. Slinghuff, trading under the firm of Ensey & Slinghuff, PLAINTIFFS,
AGAINST
The same, DEFT'S.

Joseph K. Stapleton and Reginald E. Stapleton, merchants and partners, trading under the firm of J. K. Stapleton & Son, PLAINTIFFS,
AGAINST
The same, DEFT'S.

Robert Swan, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
The same, DEFT'S.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant, William V. Buskirk, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bills of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for 2 months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 15, 1835.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January 1835.

James Larmour, PLAINTIFF,
AGAINST
Brockenbrough McCormick, James W. Riley, executor of Alexander Riley, deceased, Priscilla Riley, widow of said deceased, and James W. Riley, John W. Riley, George H. Riley, and Edwin A. Riley, the children and devisees of said Alexander Riley, deceased, DEF'TS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant, Brockenbrough McCormick, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*
Jan. 15, 1835.

SALE OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of two Deeds of Trust, executed to the subscribers, the first by William Cleveland, bearing date the 22nd day of August 1834, the other by said William Cleveland and Jane E., *his wife*, bearing date the 12th day of September, 1834, and both recorded in the Court of Jefferson County, will be sold, at public auction, *on Monday the 16th day of March next,* (it being Court day,) before the Court-House door in Charlestown, the following described property, to wit: That valuable block of *three story BRICK BUILDINGS*, and the lot on which they stand, situated on the main street in Charlestown; and contiguous to the Market-House lot, consisting of a large house, counting-room, and dwelling; two unimproved LOTS, one adjoining the stable lot of Mr. I. R. Douglass, the other adjoining the lots of Mrs. Offutt and Joseph Starry; also, the HOUSE and LOT, with the appurtenances, near the Academy, lately the property of Mr. Edward Hughes. The store house and counting-room will be sold together, with the ground on which they stand; the remainder of the lot will be attached to the dwelling, and with the stable lot adjoining Mr. Starry's lot, will be sold together; the House and Lot near the Academy will be sold entire; and the other lot above described will be sold entire, or in parcels to suit purchasers.

A full description of the property need not be given here, as persons wishing to purchase will doubtless make examinations for themselves. The property on the main street, however, combines peculiar advantages.—The store house is commodious and secure, and is favorably situated for business; the dwelling house is an extensive structure, and may be readily converted into a Tavern Stand, which would be inferior to none in the Town, in point of situation and commodiousness. One fourth of the purchase money to be paid in hand; one fourth in six months; one fourth in twelve months; and one fourth in eighteen months, with interest. The mode of securing the deferred payments will be made known upon the day of sale.

CHARLES BOARMAN,
ROBERT T. BROWN,
Jan. 15, 1835. *Trustees.*

Drugs, Fruits, Nuts,
GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS.

THE subscriber has just received at the Charlestown Apothecary and Book Store, a fresh supply of genuine Medicines, Paints, and Dye Stuffs. His assortment of Medicines and Drugs is full, (as to the articles of general use,) which he is disposed to sell on accommodating terms. Physicians and others will find it to their advantage to purchase at his store. He has also received a fresh supply of Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Dates, Tamarinds, soft shell Almonds, Filberts, and English Walnuts, and a large supply of Confection of many kinds.

Also part of my spring assortment of Garden Seeds.

JAMES BROWN.
Feb. 12, 1835.

Trust Sale of Valuable
TOWN PROPERTY.

BY virtue of a deed of trust, executed to the subscriber on the —— day of August last, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, I shall proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, before the door of Carter's Hotel in Charlestown, on *Friday the 6th day of next month,* (*March,*) the valuable corner HOUSE and LOT attached, in Charlestown, now occupied as a carriage-maker's shop and dwelling by Elias Arnold. Possession given on the 1st day of April next.

Terms—One half of the purchase money in three months, and the residue in six months. Said payments to be secured by a deed of trust on the premises. Sale to take place at 12 o'clock, M.

ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee.*
Feb. 12, 1835.

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